

The L0 Muon Trigger and Offline Selected Events

- Present relevant questions:
 - How the muon trigger affects the offline selection of interesting physics channels?
 - What are the present L0 efficiencies (normalised to offline selection)?
 - ➔ For physics channels with available lists of selected run/event numbers
$$B_s \rightarrow J/\Psi(\mu\mu) \phi (KK)$$
$$B_d \rightarrow \pi \pi$$
 - ➔ inclusion of other channels as they become available ...
$$B_s \rightarrow Ds(KK\pi) K, B_d \rightarrow K^* \gamma$$
 - First hints on the L0 bandwidth division with LHCb-light setup ...
 - Effects of multiple interaction events and the pile-up veto

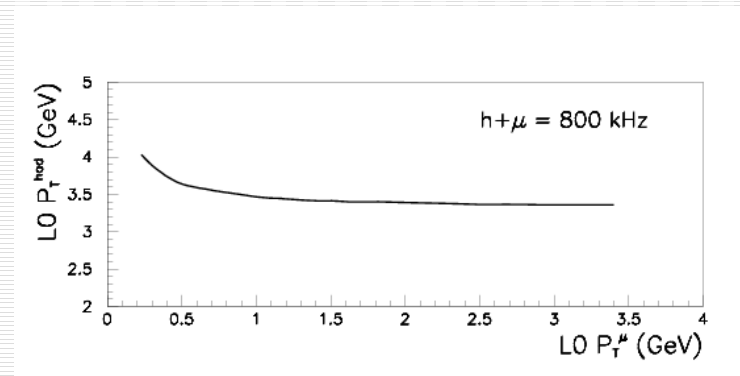
Details of the Study

■ Main set-up:

- single interaction events (taken from MC info)
- pile-up veto ignored
- $h+\mu$ triggers \rightarrow 800 kHz
- other triggers \rightarrow 200 kHz

■ Procedure:

- vary the μP_T threshold ...
- adjust the hadron P_T threshold for $h+\mu = 800\text{kHz}$
(h/μ bandwidth division changes accordingly)
- Repeat all including also true multiple interaction events

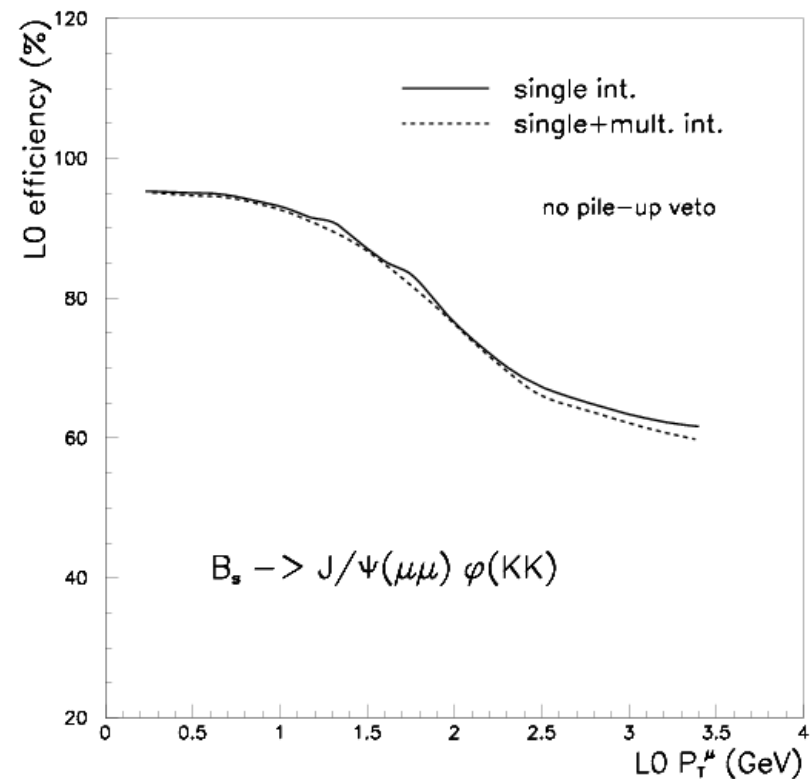


L0 Efficiency for $B_s \rightarrow J/\Psi(\mu\mu) \phi(KK)$ Offline Selected Events

Results encouraging!

- ☑ In the range 0.5-1 GeV
(relevant for studies of muon group)
the efficiency is rather constant
- ☑ At high P_T the eff. flattens off
as the hadron trigger dominates
- ☑ Inclusion of multiple interactions
has little effect

(efficiency calculated wrt
offline selected events!)

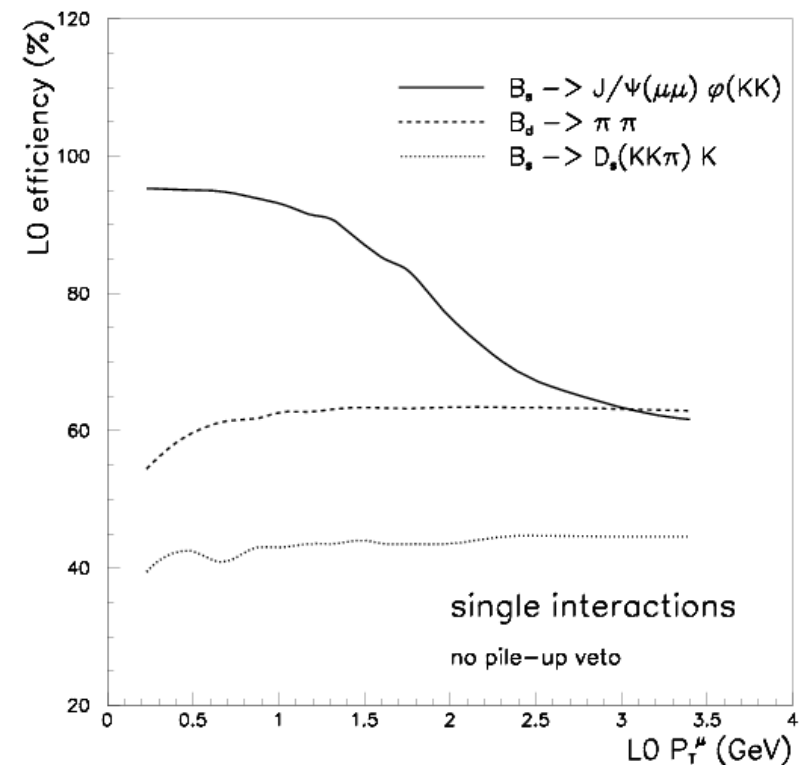


Antagonistic Trigger Behaviours:

$B_s \rightarrow J/\Psi(\mu\mu) \phi (KK)$ and

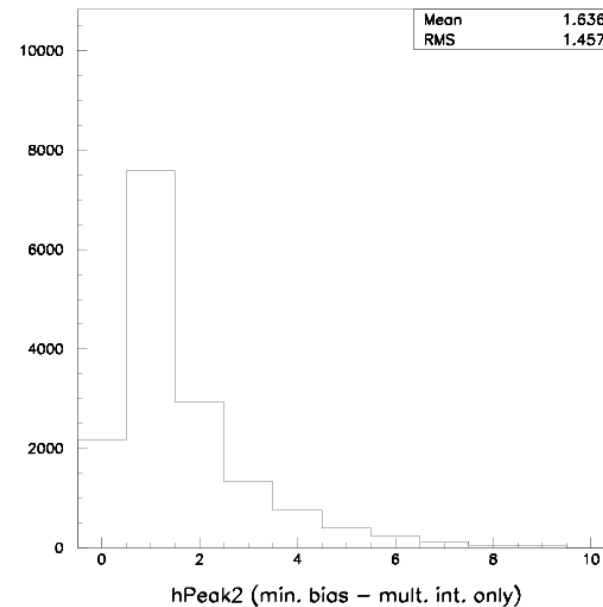
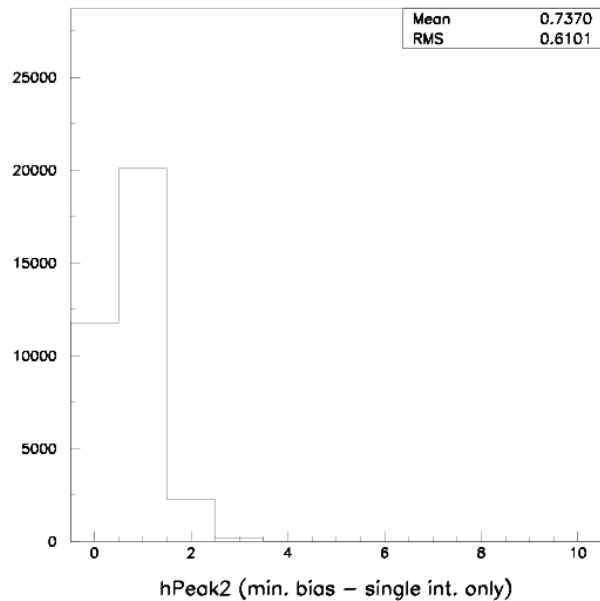
$B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi$, $B_s \rightarrow D_s(KK\pi) K$

- Procedure repeated for other channels ...
 - single interaction events
 - pile-up veto ignored
- $B_s \rightarrow J/\Psi(\mu\mu) \phi (KK)$ eff. $\rightarrow P_T$ of μ
- $B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi$ eff. $\nearrow P_T$ of μ at low end
- $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ eff. $\nearrow P_T$ of μ at low end
- Bandwidth division has net effect!
- P_T of $\mu \sim 0.8-1$ GeV preferred ...



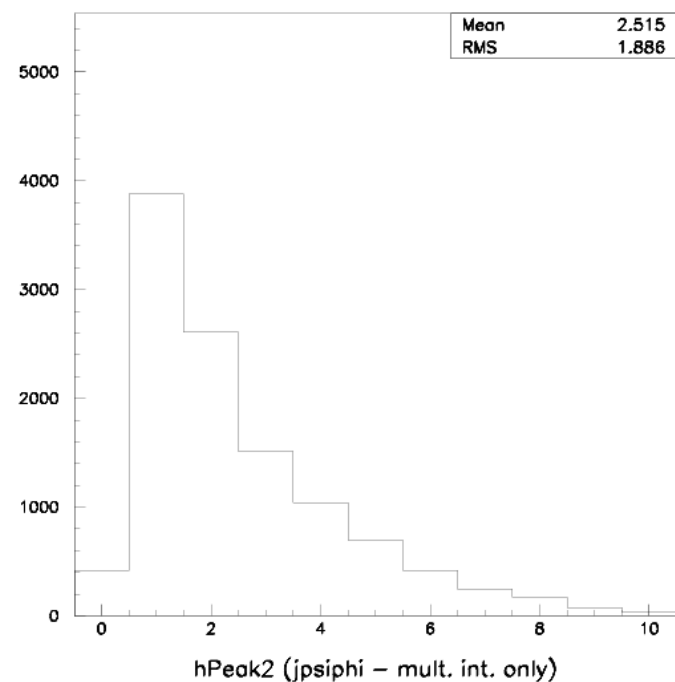
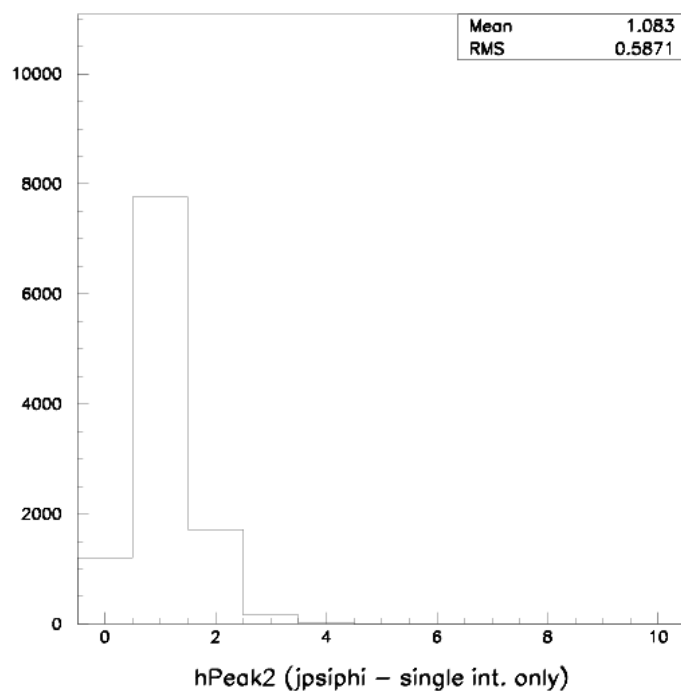
Simple Model for the Pile-up Veto

- Present pile-up veto is known to be vetoing too much
- ➔ use simple model: veto if height of 2nd peak of algorithm > 2



Simple Model for the Pile-up Veto (II)

❖ recovers ~ 15% of signal events (from hPeak2 cut at 2 -> 3)



Simple Model for the Pile-up Veto : effect on $B_s \rightarrow J/\Psi(\mu\mu) \phi(KK)$

- A “softer” pile-up veto has a small effect on the L0 efficiency for selected events
- Data seems to indicate that we can cope (to a certain extent) with multiple Interaction events
- same conclusion can be drawn for (at least) $B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi$

