FLUKA: Flair Introduction

4th FLUKA Course Univ. of Houston TX, May 14-18, 2007

About



/fleə(r)/ n [U,C] natural or instinctive ability (to do something well, to select or recognize what is best, more useful, etc. [Oxford Advanced Dictionary of Current English]

Why is UI design important

- User Interfaces are what allows end users to interact with an application.
- A good UI will make an application intuitive and easy to use
- Excellent applications without good UI will be less popular than inferior ones with a good UI

What makes a good UI?

General:

- Simple
- Intuitive
- Respects the commonly accepted conventions
- Visually organized
- Native look
- Easily install and setup
- Extensible / Programmable

FLUKA:

- Do not hide the inner functionality
- Provide a platform for working/analyzing results

Software choices [1/2]

Requirements:

- Open source software
- Multiplatform with easy installation
- Minimum requirements on other package
- Large community of users and years of development

Python

[http://www.python.org]

is a scripting language which is:

- interpreted
- interactive
- object-oriented
- like pseudo code
- dynamically typed
- available for many platforms
- extensible with C-API

Software choices [2/2]

 Tkinter [http://wiki.python.org/moin/TkInter] default GUI toolkit for Python. Good for simple UIs. Portable, wrapper around tk/tcl

Gnuplot [<u>http://www.gnuplot.info</u>]
 is a command-line driven interactive function

is a command-line driven, interactive function plotting program specially suited for scientific data representation. Gnuplot can be used to plot functions and data points in both two and three dimensions and in many different formats.

Povray [http://www.povray.org] POV-Ray™ is short for the Persistence of Vision™ Raytracer, a tool for producing high-quality computer graphics. POV-Ray™ is copyrighted freeware. POV-Ray is the worlds most popular raytracer.

What is flair [1/2]

- FLUKA Advanced Interface [http://www.fluka.org/flair]
- All-in-one Graphical Interface
- With minimum requirements on additional software
- Working in an intermediate level: Not hiding the inner functionality of FLUKA

Front-End interface:

- Fully featured Input file Editor
 - mini-dialogs for each card, allows easy and almost error free editing
 - Uniform treatment of all FLUKA cards
 - Card grouping in categories and card filtering
 - Error checking and validation of the input file during editing
- Geometry: transformation, optimizations and debugging
- Compilation of the FLUKA Executable
- **Running** and **monitoring** of the status of a/many run(s)

What is flair ^[2/2]

Back-End interface:

- Inspection of the output files
- Post processing (merging) the output data files
- Plot generation through an interface with gnuplot Input information, USRxxx, RESNUCLEI and geometry
- 3D photo-realistic images with PovRay (ToDo)

Other Goodies:

- Access to FLUKA manual as hyper text
- Checking for release updates of FLUKA and flair
- Nuclear wallet cards
- Library of materials
- Database of geometrical objects (ToDo)
- Programming python API

Concepts: Flair Project

- Store in a single file all relevant information:
 - Project notes
 - Links to needed files: input file, source routines, output files ...
 - Multiple runs from the same input file, as well running status
 - Procedures on how to run the code
 - Rules on how to perform data merging
 - Information on how to post process and create plots of the results
- You can consider flair as an editor for the project files.
- Can handle any FLUKA input format (reading & writing), but internally it works using the names format for the input, free with names for the geometry (Recommended way of working)
- The format is plain ASCII file with extension: .flair

Note: If you want to copy a project you need to copy also all linked files especially the input and source routines!

Installation

- Flair web site to download code and documentation http://www.fluka.org/flair
- Installation procedure
 - RPM method: strongly recommended! on systems that support the RPM. The RPM will create all file association, menu items and keep track of updates and files installed.

The RPM will install the program to: /usr/local/flair and will create the following launcher programs:

•	/usr/local/bin/flair	flair program
٠	/usr/local/bin/fm	FLUKA manual

- /usr/local/bin/pt
 Periodic Table
- tar.gz method: Manual installation on platforms like (MS-Windows, Mac OS...). Please follow the instructions on the http://www.fluka.org/flair/download.html and for special instruction on the FAQ http://www.fluka.org/flair/faq.html

Version Numbering

- Flair version numbering, has the form: flair-M.m-R
- M: Major version, this number is increased by one only when a major modification in the structure of the program takes place. During the initial phase of development is 0.
- **m:** Minor version, this number is increased by one every time an addition in the program's functionality is made. e.g. Adding new plotting forms, mechanism, databases etc.
- R: Patch level, this number is increased when bug fixes take place or minor changes in the functionality. e.g. Addition of extra fields in a form etc.
- The About Dialog of the program displays the Major and minor version as well the CVS release number, every time changes in the program are committed to the CVS server.
- The Update dialog of flair will ask the user to check on the web every 30 days (default) for a new flair version (M.m) and FLUKA release.

Starting flair

Programs Menu

- Click the icon of Flair from the programs menu. Flair is registered under the Science/Physics category Note: freedesktop however places this category in various places depending your linux distribution and window manager Typical places:
 - Applications
 - Edutainment
 - Edutainment / Science

Window Manager (only via RPM installation):

Flair makes an association of the following extensions:
 *.flair
 *.fluka, *.inp

Console

- Type the command /usr/local/bin/flair
- It is recommended to place in your PATH the /usr/local/bin directory

Startup

During startup flair will perform the following:

- Open an "xterm" to be used as the Output window
- Display the About Dialog
- Check for the existence of FLUPRO variable, and if not found will open the Preferences dialog to set explicitly the FLUKA path.
 WARNING: Window managers (GNOME, KDE...), as well command shells (bash, tcsh, ash...) have a different configuration file where they expect the environment variable.
- Display the "Tip of the Day" dialog
- Open the "Check for Updates" dialog

Basic Preferences

✓ Preferences	
Project Interface Fonts/Colors	
Fluka Project Fluka Project	
Default Fluka Var FLUPRO Fluka Directory /soft/fluka	
Submit Command /usr/bin/nohup	
Viewer (empty=internal) Editor /usr/bin/emacs	Set your favorite editor
Terminal xterm	
Attach timeout (s) 120	
Refresh Interval (s) 15	
Ok Cancel Help	

Program Interface

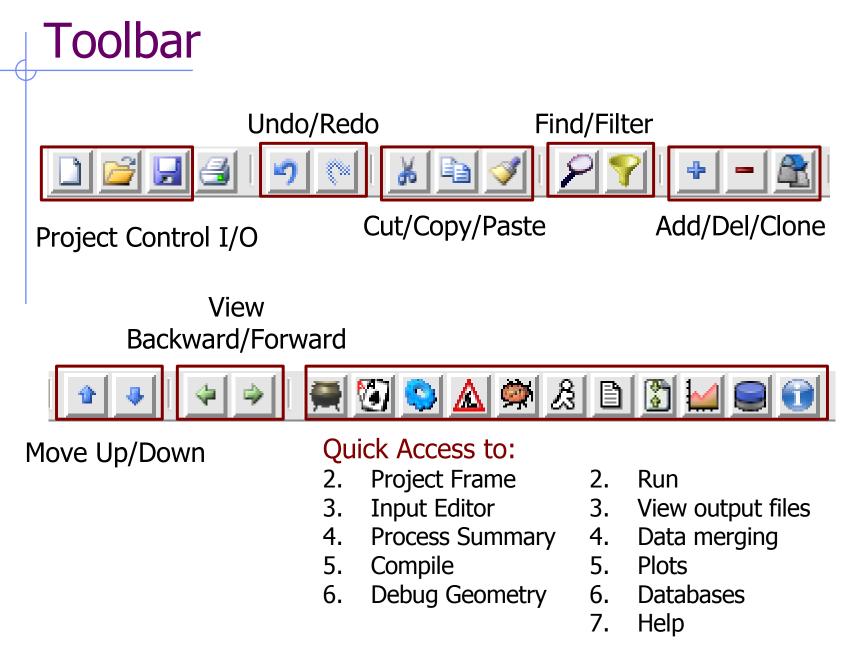
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Geobegin	#define	Name: test3			
Bodies	#define	Name: test4			
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	define beam charact *+1+ BEAM -20.	eristics, properties of p 2+3+4 0 -0.082425 -1.7	rimary particle +5+6+.		
Inp: ntof33.inp	Exe: Dir:	/home/bnv/prg/physics/fluka/1	flair/examples	Filtered 37 out of 37	

- Wrapper of standalone applications
- Tree browser to select application
- Allow different ways of viewing the same object
- Input:
 - Filtering Cards
 - Show card links
 - Units: i.e. 20 GeV/c (ToDo)
 - Data validation
 - Import/Export on various formats
- Process:
 - Debugging
 - Compilation
 - Run monitoring
 - Merging
- Plotting:
 - Interface to plot packages
 - Table of Isotopes
- Python Libraries:
 - Input file manipulation
 - Processing
 - Plotting

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<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>C</u> ard	<u>I</u> nput	<u>T</u> ools	<u>V</u> iew	<u>O</u> ptions	<u>H</u> elp
File Edit	-	•				ent projects Del, Clone, F	-ilter
Card Add or change cards in input; grouped by Categories							
Input Commands to manipulate input cards							
Tools General purpose commands: Terminal, Append cards							
View Accessing various views of flair							
Options Customize preferences							
Help	Acc	ess to hel	p, check f	or updates	s, web pag	ge, about dial	og



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Input Templates

- When requesting a new input or a new project flair will prompt to select an input template
- flair default templates are prefixed with "D:"
- The user can create his own set of input templates. They are normal FLUKA input files and they have to be places in the directory (create if not existing) ~/.flair/templates
- User templates will be prefixed with "U:"

Input Editor

- With the input editor the user can manipulate the input cards.
 - Create new ones
 - Edit & modify existing ones
 - Copy & Paste
 - Clone (Duplicate)
 - Import from other input files
 - Validate the correctness of the cards
 - Error filtering
 - Rearrange order
- The editor will always try to rearrange the input cards (only if needed) to create a valid FLUKA input file.

Card Categories

For easier access, cards are groups in the following categories:

- General General purpose (TITLE, DEFAULTS, GLOBAL...)
- **Primary** Definition of the primary starting particles
- Geometry Cards related to the definition of the geometry bodies/regions/lattices plotting and rotations/translations
 - ... Bodies Subcategory containing only the bodies definition
- Media Definition and assignment of materials
- **Physics** Setting physics properties of the simulation
- **Transport** Modify the way particles are transported in FLUKA
- Biasing Cards for importance biasing definition
- Scoring Cards related to scoring
- Developers ... reserved for FLUKA developers...
- Preprocessor definitions for creating conditional input files

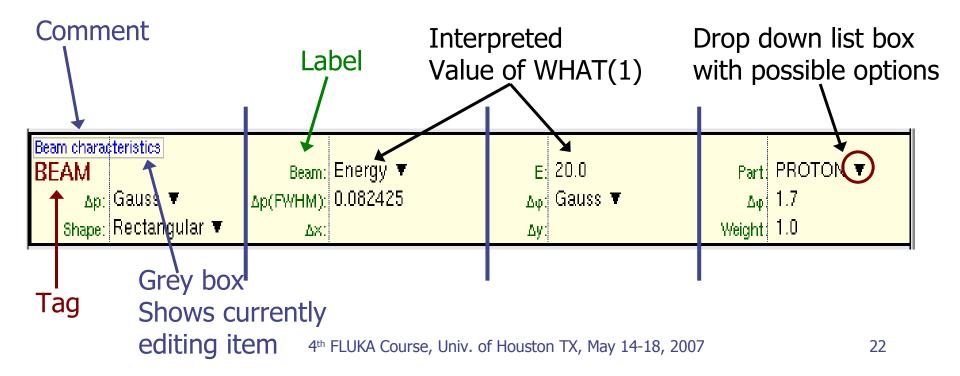
Concepts: Extended Cards

- Flair is treating the input file as a list of extended cards
- Each extended card contains:
 - Comment: All commented lines preceding the card(s) as well the inline comments
 - Tag and Multiple number of whats (0=sdum, 1-6 first line, 7-12 continuation line...) and one field of extra information (multi line string)
 - State (Enable/Disable)
- Special cards to homogenise the FLUKA input file representation:
 - REGION, referring to a region declaration in geometry
 - COMPOUND, all compound cards related to one material are joined in one card
 - END card for bodies/regions is no longer required
- Flair will try to find the best floating point representation of each number, to ensure the maximum accuracy; number of digits that fits in the specific width (10 for the fixed format, 22 for the free format)

Anatomy of a card mini-dialog [1/2]

 For each extended card flair has a mini dialog (currently in 4 columns), interpreting all information stored in the card

* Beam characteristics						
BEAM	-20.0 -0.082425	-1.7	1.0PROTON			



Anatomy of a card mini-dialog ^[2/2]

* Energy depos: USRBIN USRBIN	ition in 10.0 -45.0	3D binning ENERGY -54.0	-50.0 -33.0	45.0 100.0	54.0 100.0	36.0EneDep 100.0&
USRBIN _{Type:} X-Y-Z ▼ Part: ENERGY ▼		Xmin: -45.0 Ymin: -54.0 Zmin: -33.0	Xma Vma	nit: 50 BIN ▼ ax: 45.0 ax: 54.0 ax: 36.0	NX: NY:	EneDep 100.0 100.0 100.0

* Polypyromellitimide Polyimide, Kapton					
* Chemical	0 = C H - C C	$= \overline{0}$			
* Formula	$/ \setminus // \setminus / \setminus$	Н-С – С-Н	Н-С – С-Н		
*	/ \C C	//	// \\		
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*	\ /C C	/ \ /	\land /		
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* 22 10 2 5	0 = C H - C C	= 0			
MATERIAL		1.43			
Polyimid			2.0		
COMPOUND	10.0 HYDROGEN	22.0 CARBON	2.0		
MATERIAL	Name: Polyimid	#	_{p:} 1.43		
Z:	Am:	A:	dE/d×: 🔻		
COMPOUND	Name: Polyimid 🔻	Mix: Atom 🔻	Elements:6 🔻		
f1: 10.0	M1: HYDROGEN 1		M2: CARBON 🔻		
f3; 2.0	M3: NITROGEN 🔻	f4: 5.0	M4: OXYGEN 🔻		
f5:	M5: 🔻	f6:	M6: 🔻		

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Editing Cards

While in input editor you are working in two modes

- 2. Card mode: where you manipulate the cards as a unit. Copy, paste, delete, change order of cards
- 3. Edit mode: where you manipulate the contents of the card. Edit mode is activated immediately after adding a new card or by hitting Enter or with the mouse click. To leave edit mode click the Esc or with the mouse click somewhere else.

The active item (what) is highlighted with a grey rectangle and highlighted also in the card viewer below the editor.

 Shift+Mouse or Shift+Up/Down arrows selects a range of cards

Validating input and Error correction

- flair validates the input while loading and each card during editing.
- Errors are highlighted with red.
- Popup-menu option "<u>Show errors</u>" displays a short message on what is expected as correct value.
- Menu item "Input / Filter Invalid" shows only the invalid cards from the last filtered view

Material Database

- flair contains an internal database of ~500 predefined materials / compounds.
- Some (~300) with the Sternheimer parameters
- Please use this data as Reference only
- Validate always the correctness of the data
- If errors found please contact the author
- The database can be edited, and populated with your own materials. In this case a local copy of the database will be made in ~/.flair directory

Starting a Run

- Flair can start a single run based on the input file, or multiple runs by overriding some options, like #defines, title, random number seed and number of starting particles
- Flair will try to "attach" to a run. Using only the information from the output files generated by FLUKA, flair will try to identify the directory where the run takes place and monitor the progress of the Run.
- During the execution of the run the user can view the output files in the "Files Frame"

Tips & Tricks

- Mouse
 - right-clickopens the popup-menu with the most
- Keyboard
 - Ctlr-Enter
 - Ctrl-Space
 - Listboxes

- important actions
- Check the accelerators on the menus
- Performs the default action in every frame. Add a card in the Input Editor
- Access popup-menu
- All listboxes in flair are searchable and case insensitive. Type the first characters of the string you are searching and the closest match will be highlighted. Ctrl-G repeats the search. Space selects/deselect item While editing the **REGION** expression shows +, -, Ins
 - a list of all available bodies

ToDo: Features to be added

Interface

- Working on multiple projects
- Exportation of processing scripts and various formats (MCNP...)

Input Editor

- Undo/Redo
- Show hidden cards
- Geometry manipulation (Transformations, CSG optimization etc)
- Post Processing
 - Re-binning or USRBINs
 - Maximum trace

Plotting:

- Information of Input File
- Double differential quantities (USRBDX, USRYIELD...)
- 3D Ray Tracing interface to povray
- Particle tracks

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How to Contribute

- Python programming
 - Parsing and processing output files
 - Web based database for sharing resources with other users
 - ۰.

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- Input Editor
 - Cards Layout, in other formats (from 3 up to 8 columns)
 - Labels have to be intuitive, if something is not comprehensible please propose an alternative
- Manual, Online documentation, Tips database
- Icons for tool bars and cards
- Gnuplot scripts or ideas for better presentation
- Comments & Ideas, on new features that one wants to see
- Testing, Bug reporting