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# Precision Tests of the Standard Model

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# Outline

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Overview on precision measurements

Tests of the electroweak Standard Model

The Standard Model Higgs boson

Conclusions

Thanks to the members of the LEP electroweak working group, the Tevatron electroweak working group, and the DØ, CDF, SLD, OPAL, L3, DELPHI, ALEPH, E-158, NuTeV, ... experiments!

<http://tevewwg.fnal.gov>

<http://www.cern.ch/lepewwg>

# Electroweak Precision Data

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Very high  $Q^2$  physics at LEP, SLC, and the Tevatron:

More than 1000 measurements with (correlated) uncertainties

Combined to 17 precision electroweak observables

Z-pole physics (LEP-1, SLD):

- 5 Z lineshape and leptonic forward-backward asymmetries
- 2 Polarised leptonic asymmetries  $P_\tau$ ,  $A_{LR}(\text{FB})$
- 1 Inclusive hadronic charge asymmetry
- 6 Heavy quark flavour results (Z decays to b and c quarks)

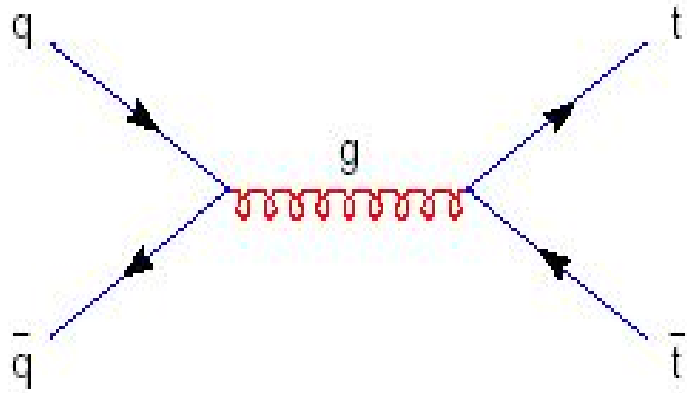
W boson & top quark physics – ongoing at Tevatron's Run-II:

- 2 W boson mass and width (LEP-2, Tevatron)
- 1 Top quark mass (Tevatron)

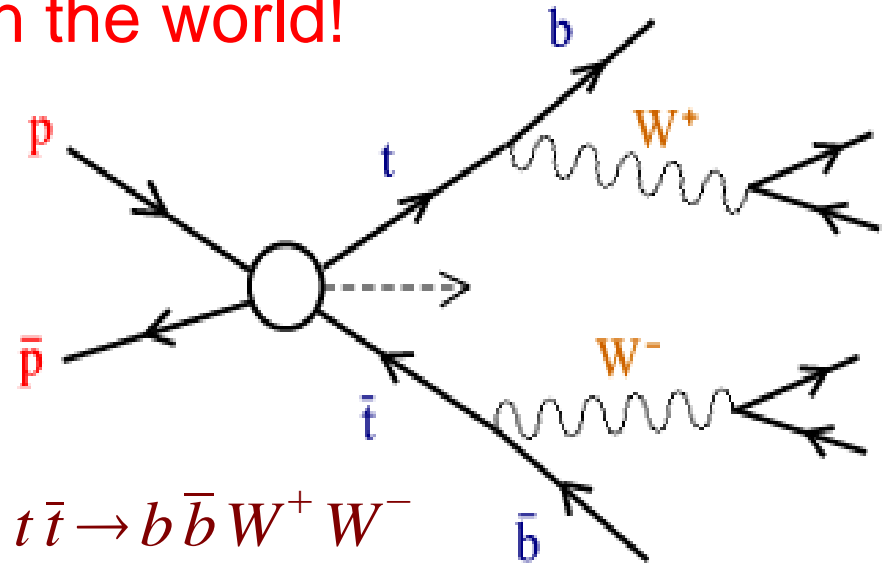
# Top Physics

Tevatron: only source of top quarks in the world!

Primarily top-pair production

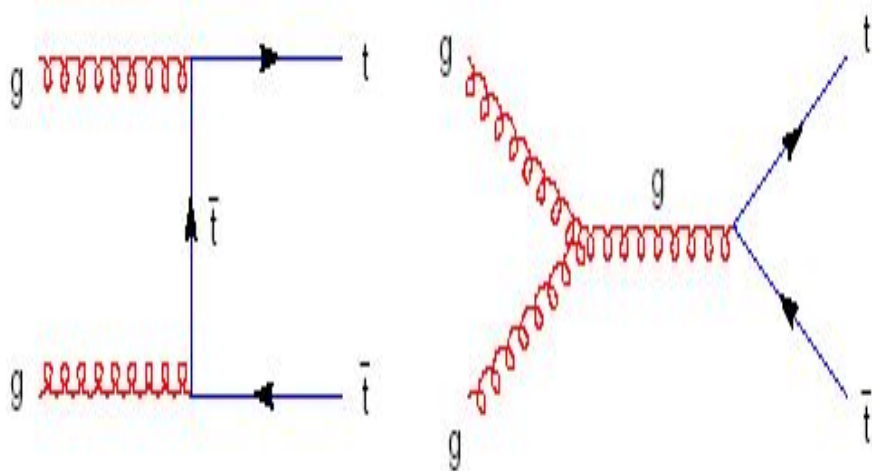


qq annihilation (85%)

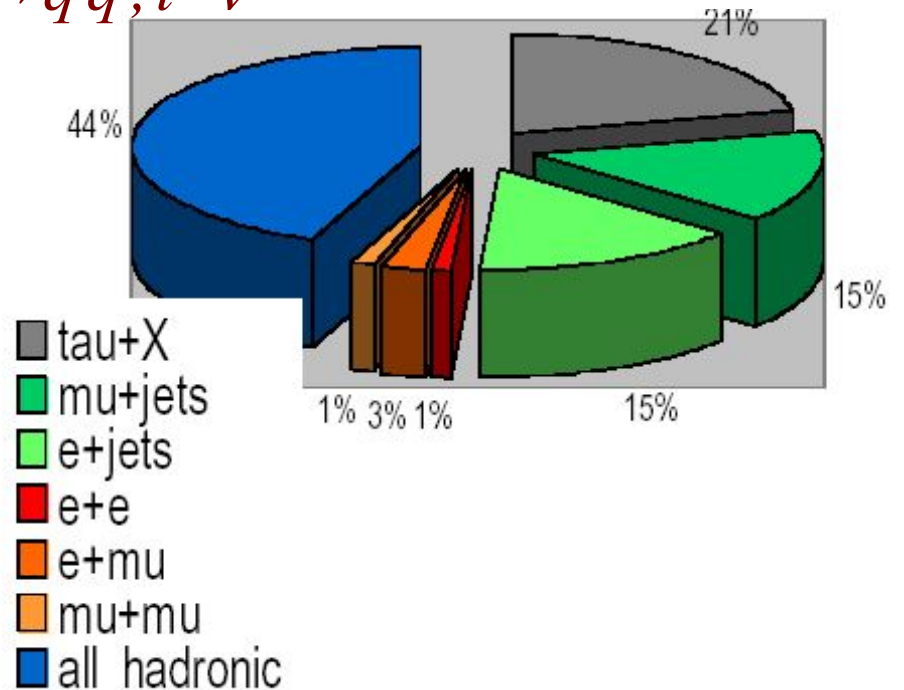


$$p \bar{p} \rightarrow t \bar{t} X, \quad t \bar{t} \rightarrow b \bar{b} W^+ W^-$$

$$W^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}, l^- \bar{\nu}$$



gluon fusion (15%)



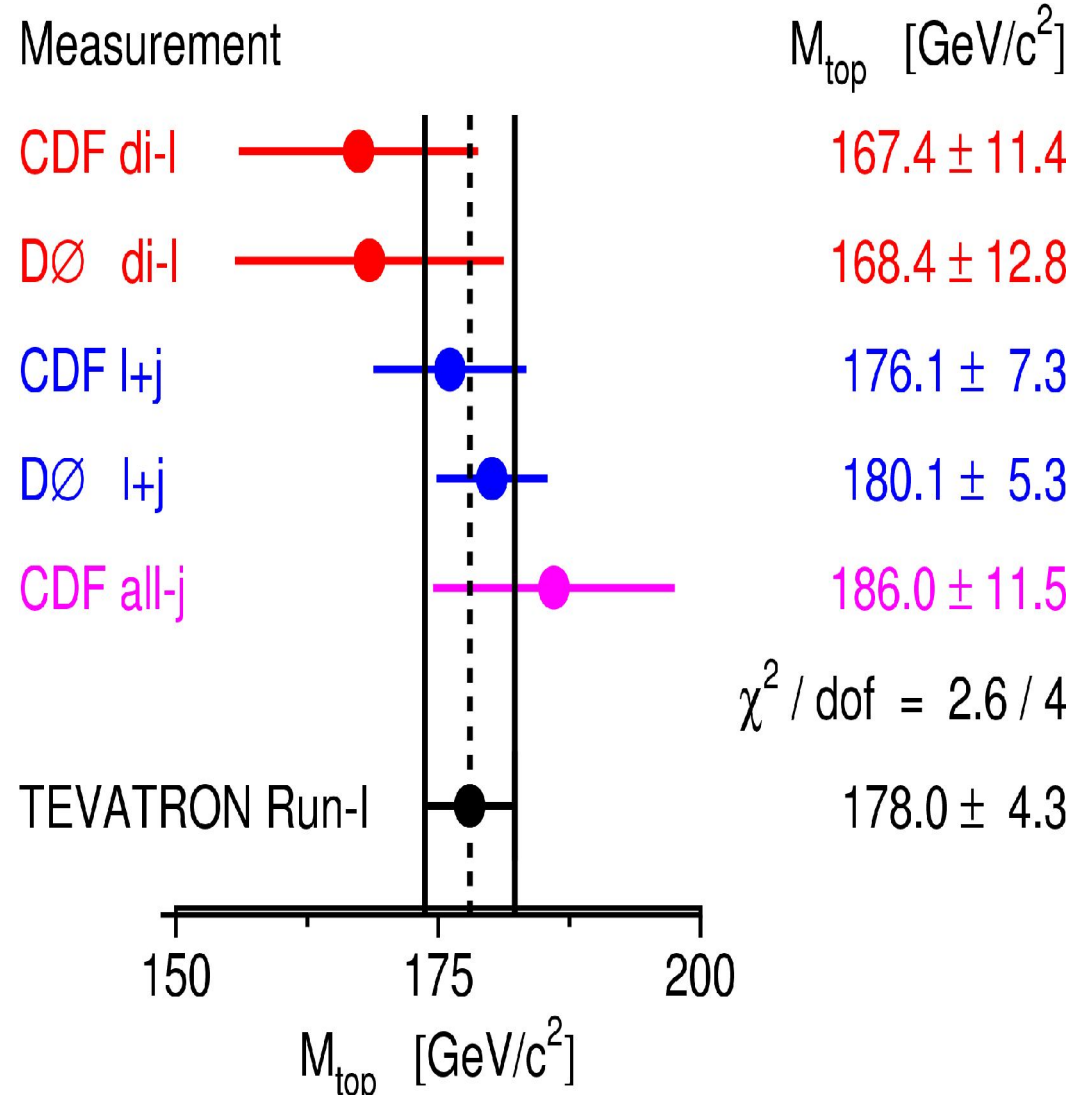
# Top-Quark Mass - Run-I

Tevatron (CDF, DØ):  
Final Run-I combination

Systematic uncertainties  
dominated by:

Jet energy scale (2-5 GeV) -  
will reduce with more data

Signal model (1-3 GeV)  
Background model (~2 GeV)  
MEs, PDFs, MC generators



Run-I final:  $M_{\text{top}} = 178.0 \pm 2.7$  (stat.)  $\pm 3.3$  (syst.) GeV

Run-II expectation:  $\delta M_{\text{top}} < 2.5$  GeV

# Top-Quark Mass - Run-II

Reduction of JES systematics:

In-situ calibration  
using  $W$ -mass constraint

In 2005:

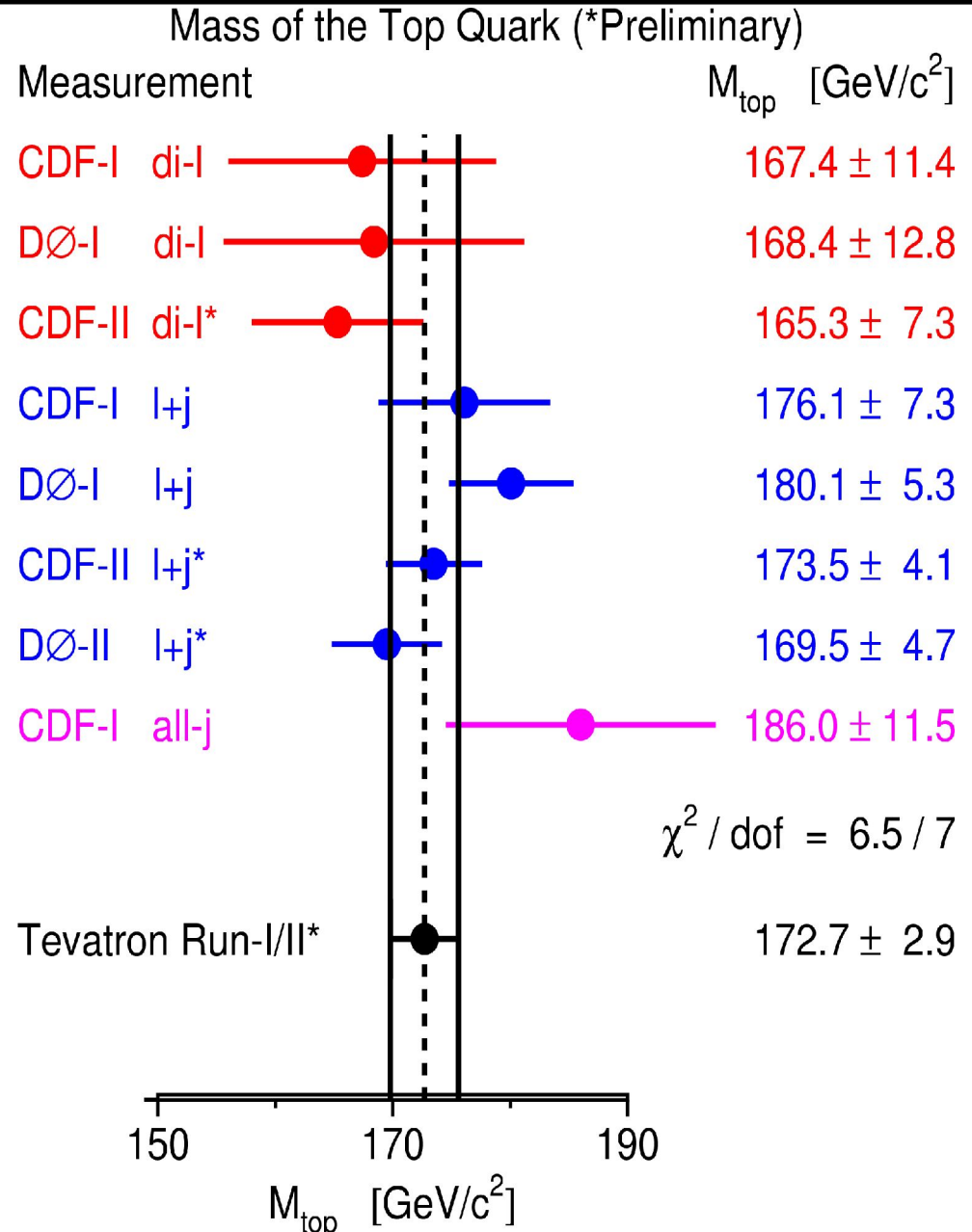
Each experiment (will be)  
better than the Run-I average!

Separate final states:

$165.0 \pm 5.8$  GeV di-leptons  
 $173.5 \pm 3.0$  GeV lepton+jets  
 $185.0 \pm 10.9$  GeV all-jets

Final state interactions (CR)?

Run-II prel.:  $M_{\text{top}} = 172.7 \pm 1.7$  (stat.)  $\pm 2.4$  (syst.) GeV

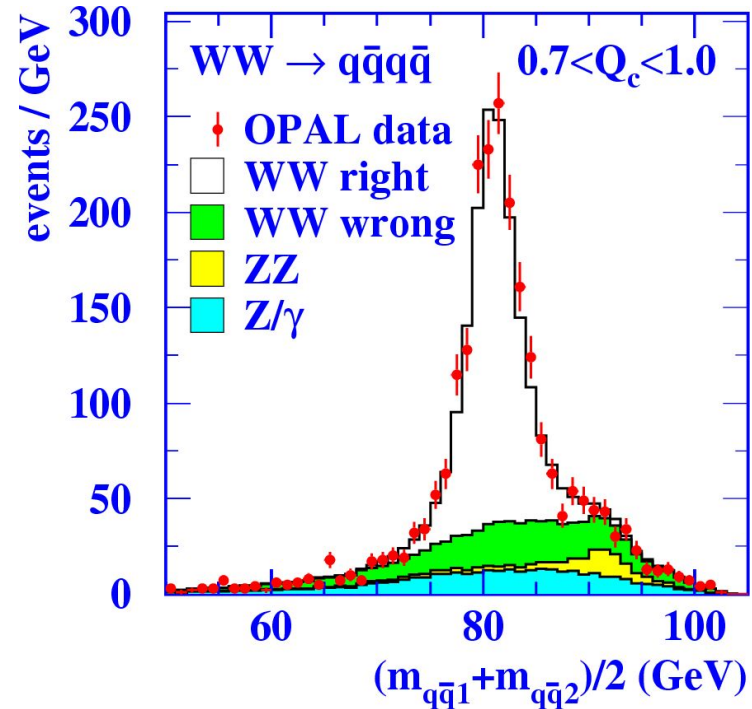
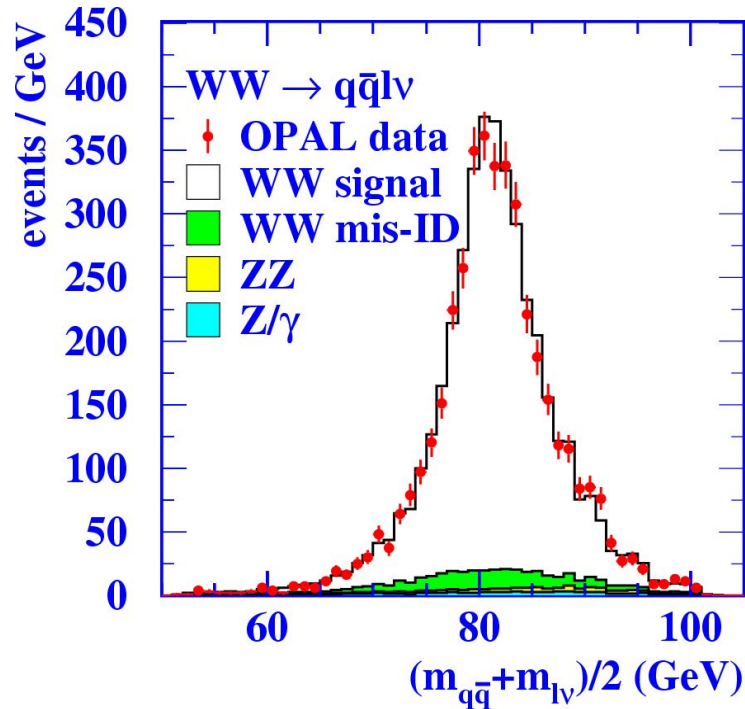


# W Boson - Mass and Width

LEP-2:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}q\bar{q}, q\bar{q}l\nu, l\nu l\nu$

Invariant mass  $M_{inv}$

Final OPAL results in combination



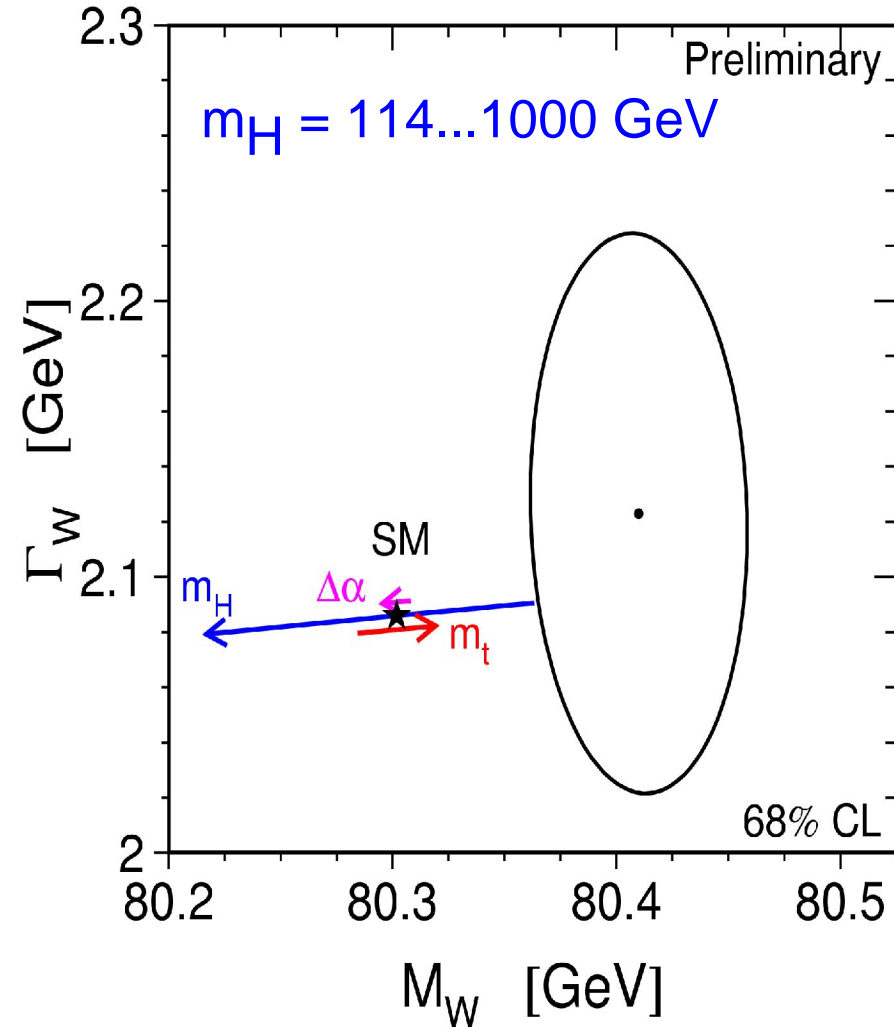
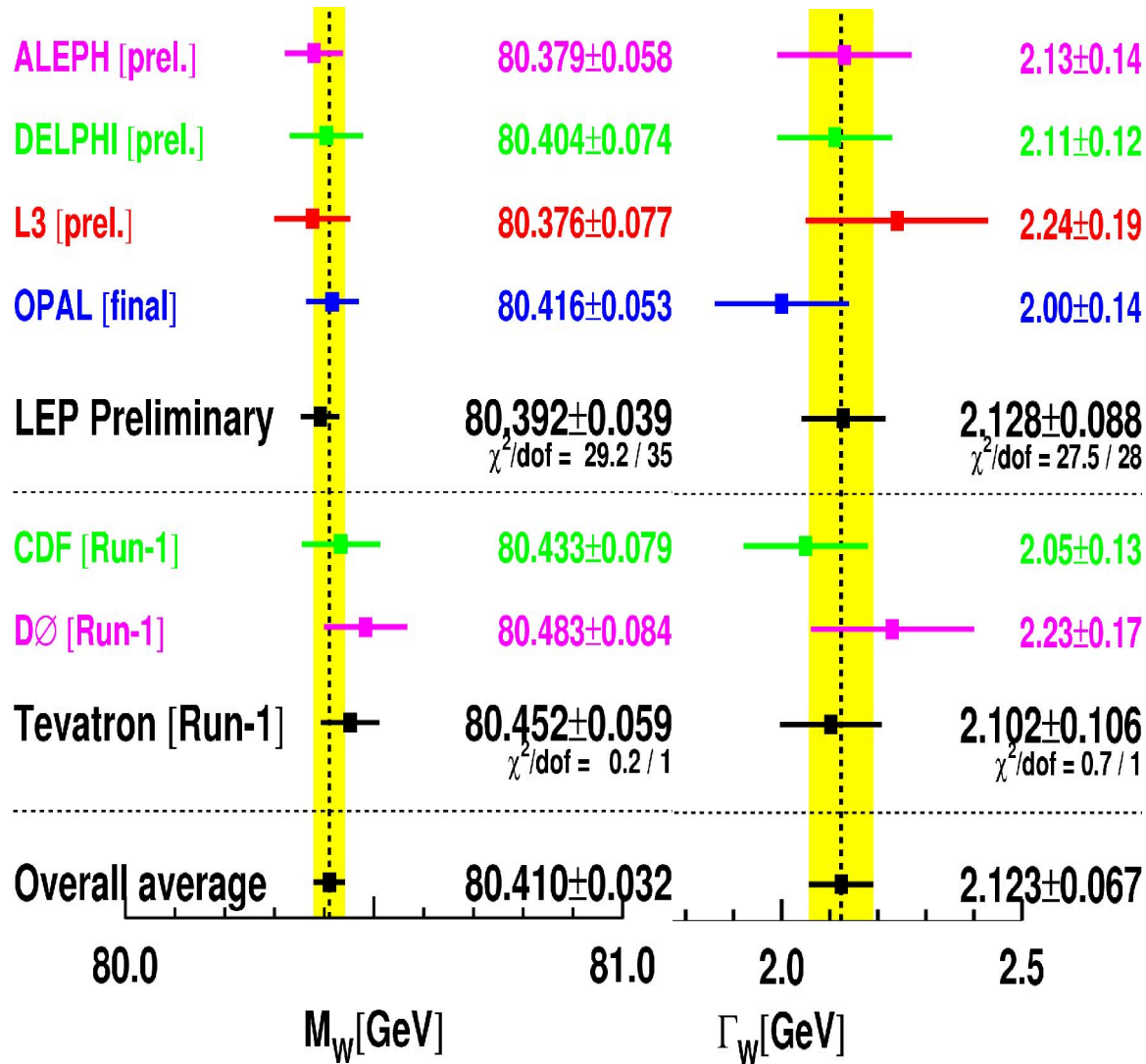
Potentially large FSI systematics (BE,CR) in the  $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  channel:  
 $M_W$  average dominated by  $q\bar{q}l\nu$  channel ( $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$ : 9.5%  $\rightarrow$  16%)

Mass difference (calculated without FSI errors):

$$M_W(q\bar{q}q\bar{q}) - M_W(q\bar{q}l\nu) = 21 \pm 42 \text{ MeV}$$

# W Boson - Mass and Width

Good agreement between all six experiments:



SM comparison:

Small Higgs-boson mass

Correlation  $M_W$ - $\Gamma_W$ : -0.06



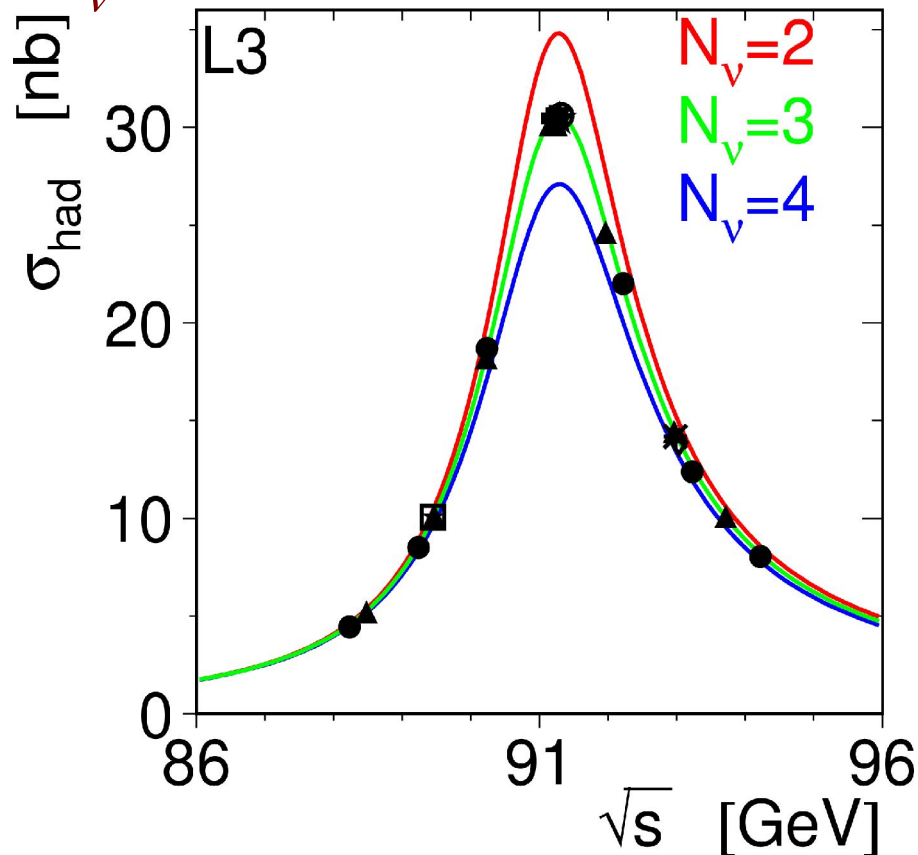
# Z-Pole Physics

## Cross sections:

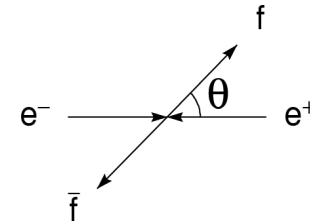
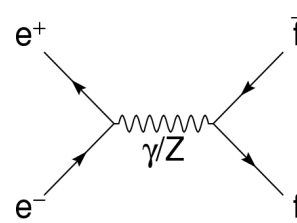
$$M_Z = 91.1875 \pm 0.0021 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Gamma_Z = 2.4952 \pm 0.0023 \text{ GeV}$$

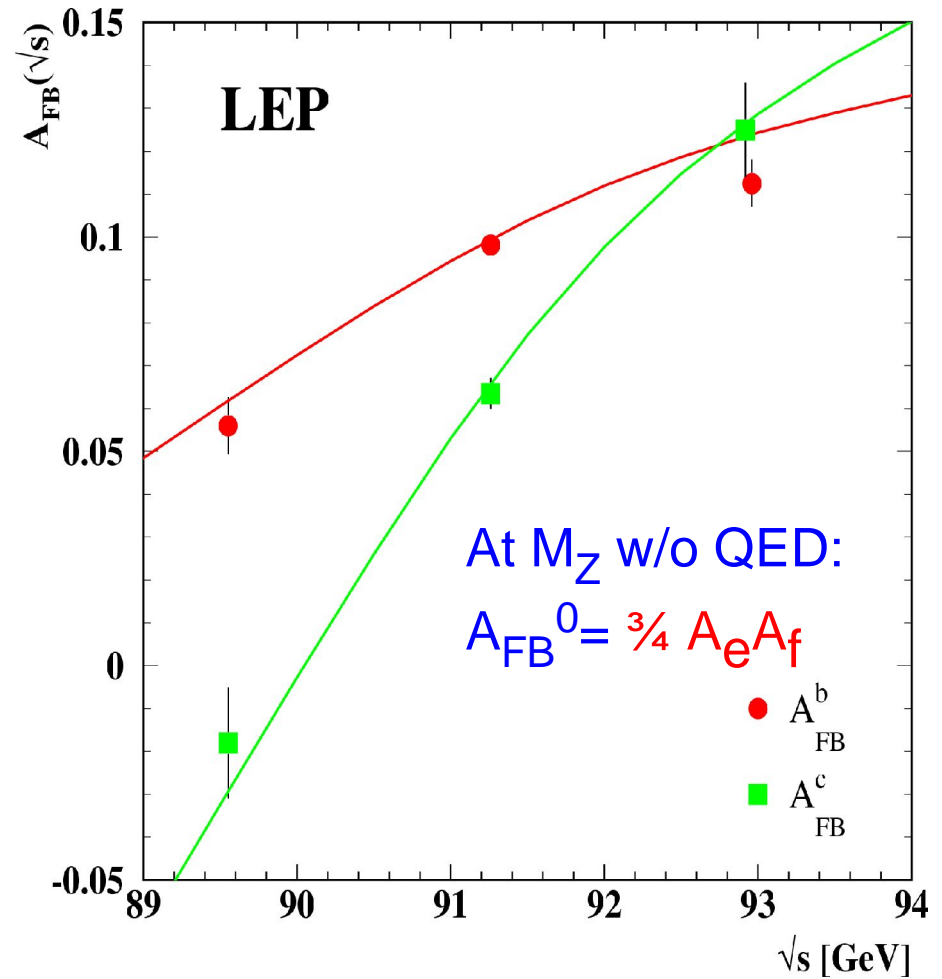
$$N_\nu = 2.9840 \pm 0.0082$$



$$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow f \bar{f}) \propto g_{Vf}^2 + g_{Af}^2$$



$$A_{FB} = \frac{N_F - N_B}{N_F + N_B}$$



$$A_f = 2 \frac{g_{Vf} / g_{Af}}{1 + (g_{Vf} / g_{Af})^2} \Leftrightarrow \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$$

# Heavy Flavour Results at the Z-Pole

Finally: really final HF results available

$$R_b = \Gamma_b / \Gamma_{had} \quad 0.21629 \pm 0.00066$$

$$R_c = \Gamma_c / \Gamma_{had} \quad 0.1721 \pm 0.0030$$

$$A_{fb}(b) = \frac{3}{4} A_e A_b \quad 0.0992 \pm 0.0016 *$$

$$A_{fb}(c) = \frac{3}{4} A_e A_c \quad 0.0707 \pm 0.0035$$

$$A_b \quad 0.923 \pm 0.020$$

$$A_c \quad 0.670 \pm 0.027$$

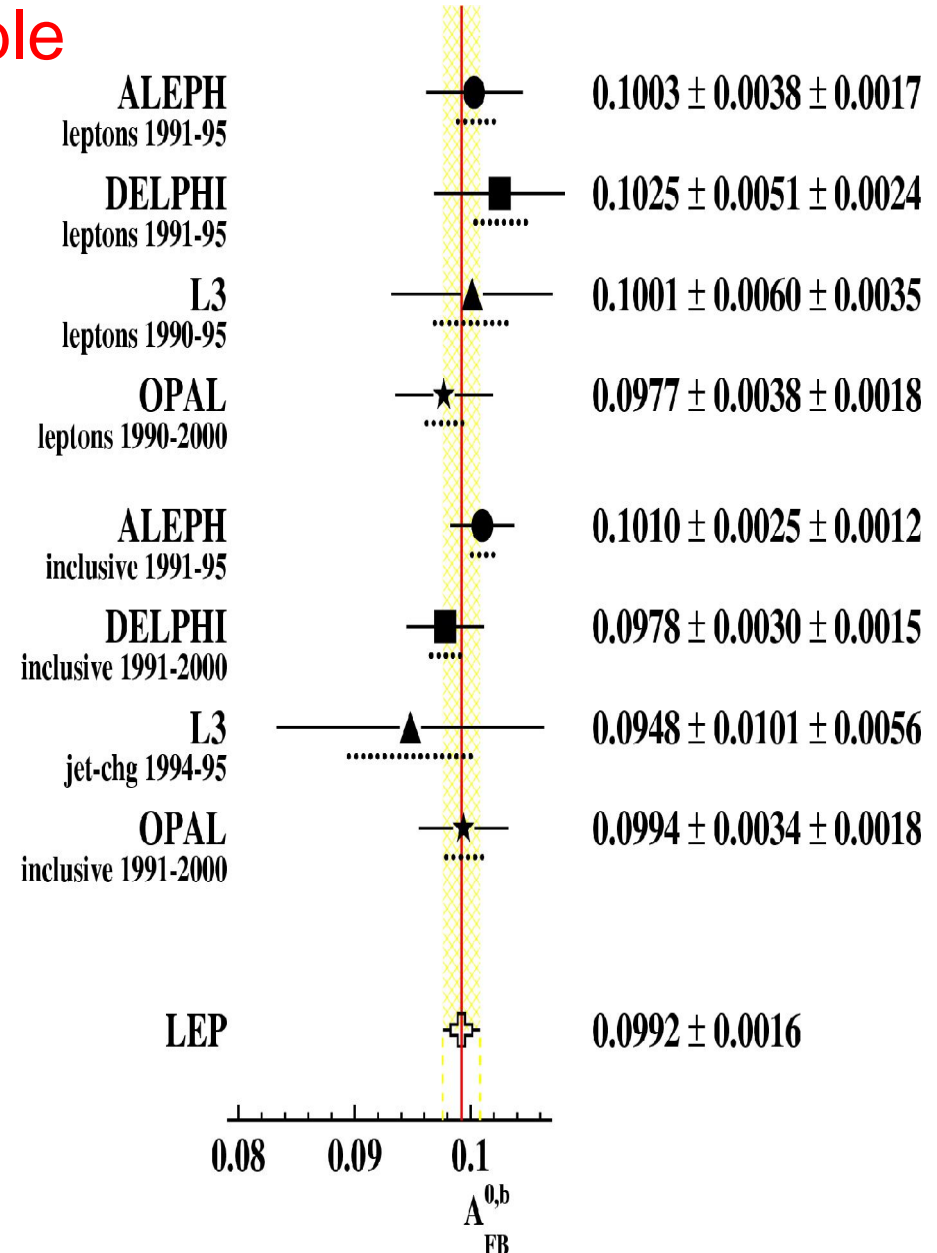
+ small correlations

Heavy-flavour combination:

$$\chi^2 / \text{ndof} = 53 / (105 - 14) \text{ low!}$$

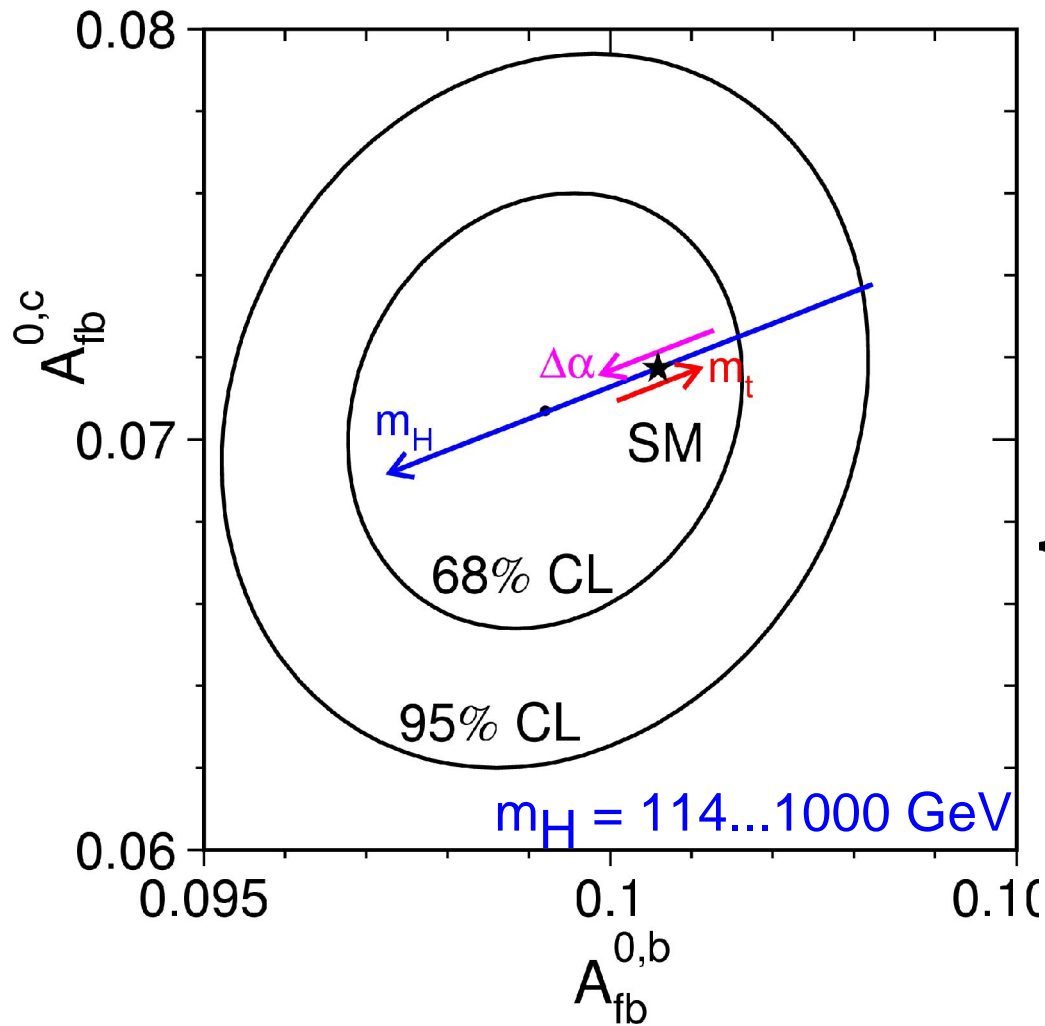
Central values very consistent

Several systematic tests  
dominated by MC statistics



Asymmetries statistics dominated

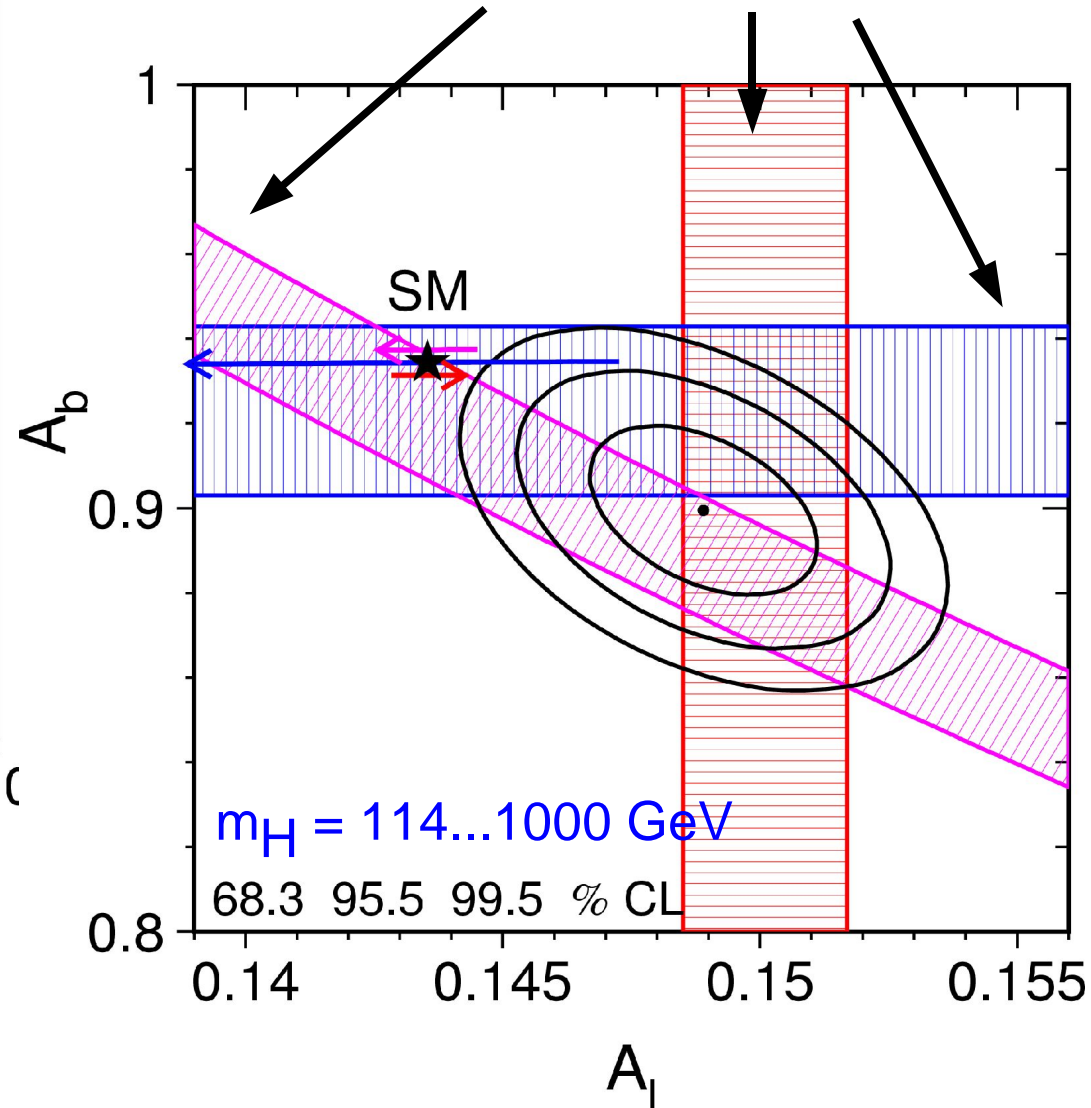
# Heavy Flavour Results at the Z-Pole



SM comparison:  
High Higgs-boson mass

Compare with leptons:

$$A_{fb}(b) = \frac{3}{4} A_e A_b$$



# Comparison of all Z-Pole Asymmetries

Effective electroweak  
mixing angle:

$$\sin^2\Theta_{\text{eff}} = (1 - g_V/g_A)/4$$

$$= 0.23153 \pm 0.00016$$

$$\chi^2/\text{ndof} = 11.8/5 \quad [3.7\%]$$

Subsequent observation:

$$0.23113 \pm 0.00021 \text{ leptons}$$

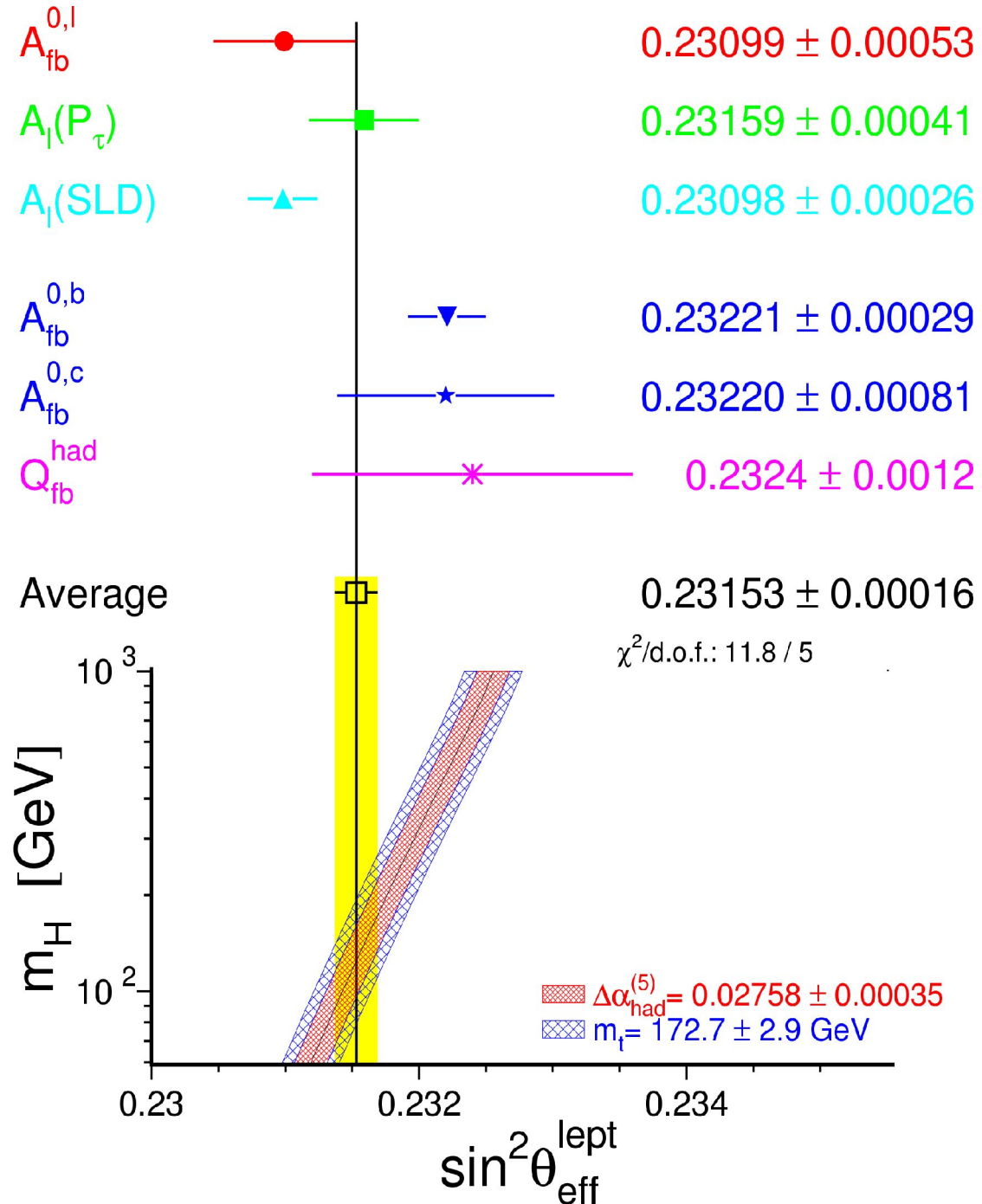
$$0.23222 \pm 0.00027 \text{ hadrons}$$

3.2  $\sigma$  difference

But is really:

$$A_1(\text{SLD}) \text{ vs. } A_{\text{fb}}^b(\text{LEP})$$

3.2  $\sigma$  difference



# Standard Model Analysis

SM: Each observable calculated as a function of:

$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}, \alpha_s(M_Z), M_Z, M_{\text{top}}, M_{\text{Higgs}}$  (and  $G_F$ )

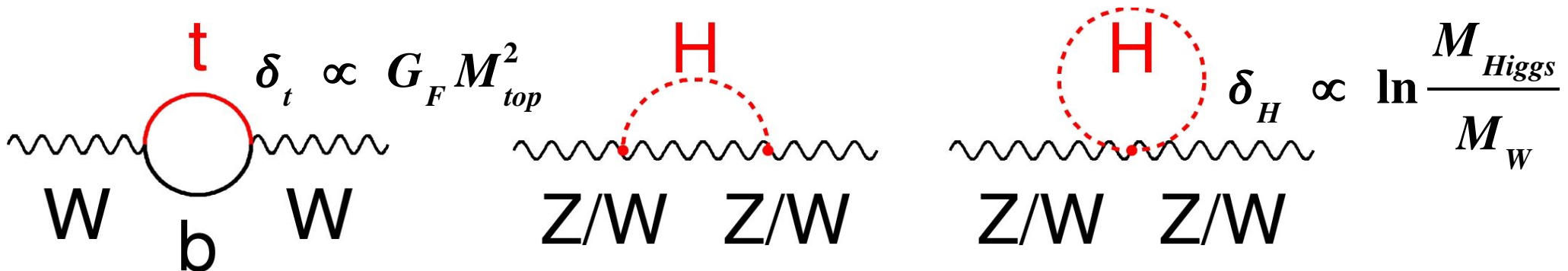
$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$ : hadronic vacuum polarisation  $[0.02758 \pm 0.00035]$

$\alpha_s(M_Z)$ : given by  $\Gamma_{\text{had}}$  and related observables

$M_Z$ : constrained by LEP-1 lineshape

Precision requires 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order electroweak and mixed radiative correction calculations (QED to 3<sup>rd</sup>)

$M_{\text{top}}, M_{\text{Higgs}}$  enter through electroweak corrections ( $\sim 1\%$ )!



Calculations by programs TOPAZ0 and ZFITTER

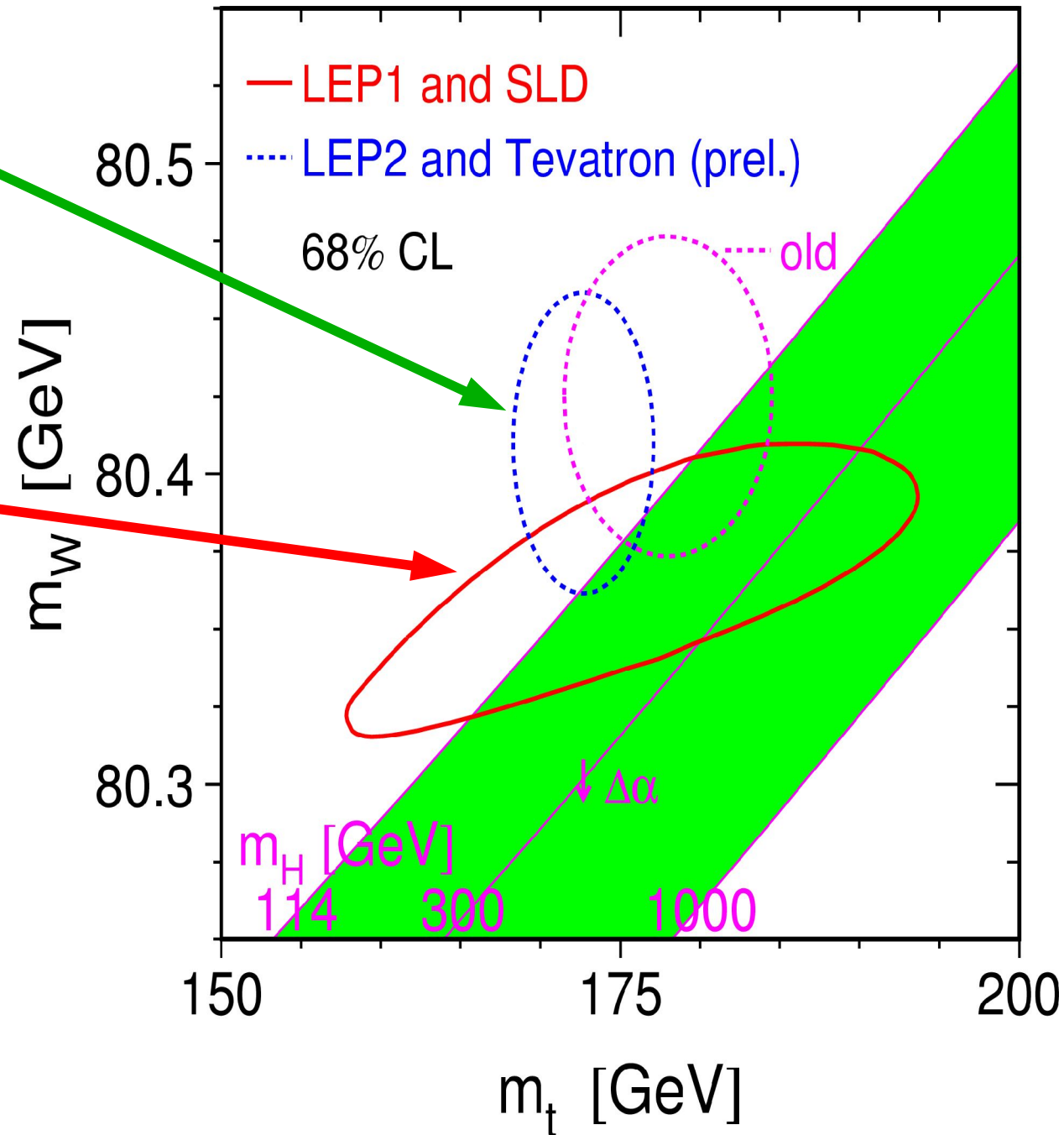
# Heavy Particle Masses W and Top

Direct measurements:  
LEP2 and Tevatron

Z-Pole measurements:  
Constrain electroweak  
radiative corrections  
Allow to predict  $M_W$   
and  $M_{\text{top}}$  within SM

Good agreement:  
Successful SM test

Both data sets prefer a  
light Higgs boson



# Standard Model Analysis

## Fit results:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}} &= 0.02767 \pm 0.00034 \\ \alpha_s(M_Z) &= 0.1186 \pm 0.0027 \\ M_Z &= 91.1874 \pm 0.0021 \text{ GeV} \\ M_{\text{top}} &= 173.3 \pm 2.7 \text{ GeV} \\ \log_{10}M_H &= 1.96 \pm 0.18\end{aligned}$$

$$M_{\text{Higgs}} = 91^{+45}_{-32} \text{ GeV}$$

$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$  marginally improved  
 $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  one of the best  
 $M_Z$  ~ unchanged  
 $M_{\text{top}}$  error improved by few %

## Correlations:

0.01			
-0.01	-0.02		
-0.02	0.05	-0.03	
<b>-0.51</b>	0.11	0.07	<b>0.52</b>

## Strong correlations with:

fitted  $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$  - reduced to  
-0.20 with pQCD  $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$   
fitted  $M_{\text{top}}$  -  
20 % shift in  $M_{\text{Higgs}}$  for  
3 GeV shift in meas.  $M_{\text{top}}$

$M_{\text{top}}$  measurement crucial!

# Hadronic Vacuum Polarisation

Fermion loops cause running of  $\alpha$ :  
Leptonic contribution calculated  
Hadronic contribution derived from  
 $\tau$  decays  
hadronic cross section at low  $\sqrt{s}$

Experimentally driven result:

$$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}(M_Z) = 0.02758 \pm 0.00035^*$$

\*Update with new CMD-2/KLOE data

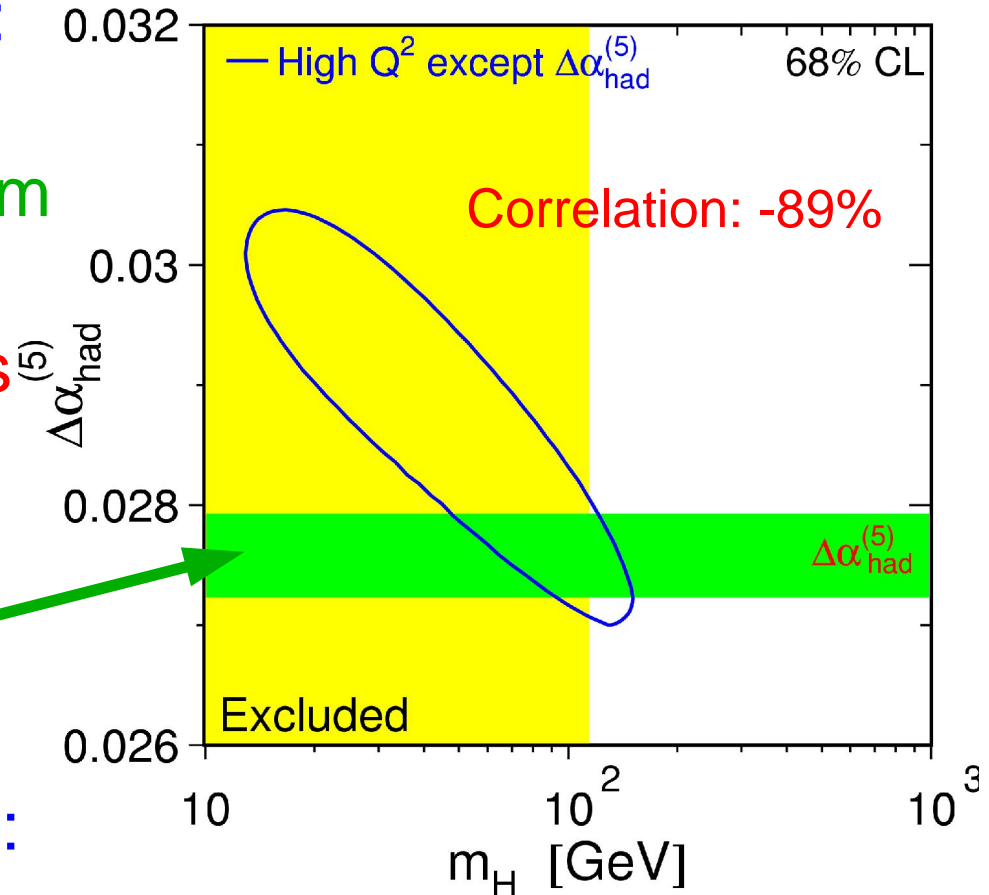
Theory driven result (more pQCD):

$$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}(M_Z) = 0.02749 \pm 0.00012$$

Subject of ongoing experimental and theoretical work:

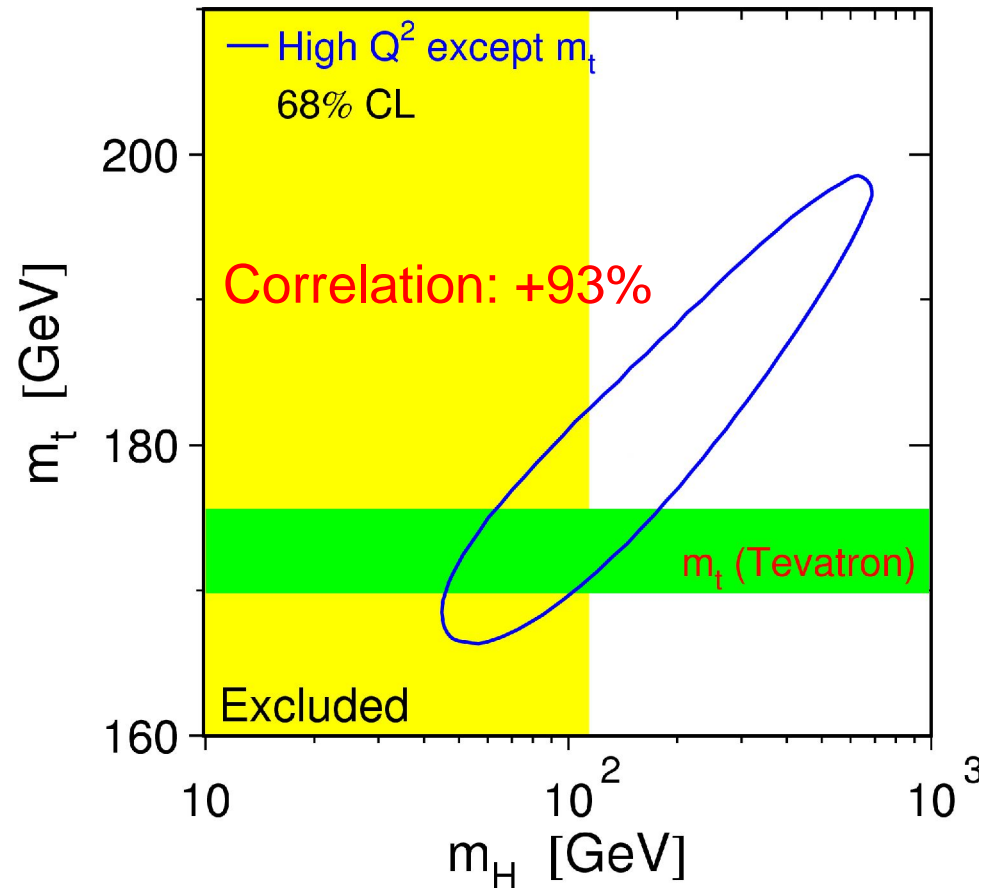
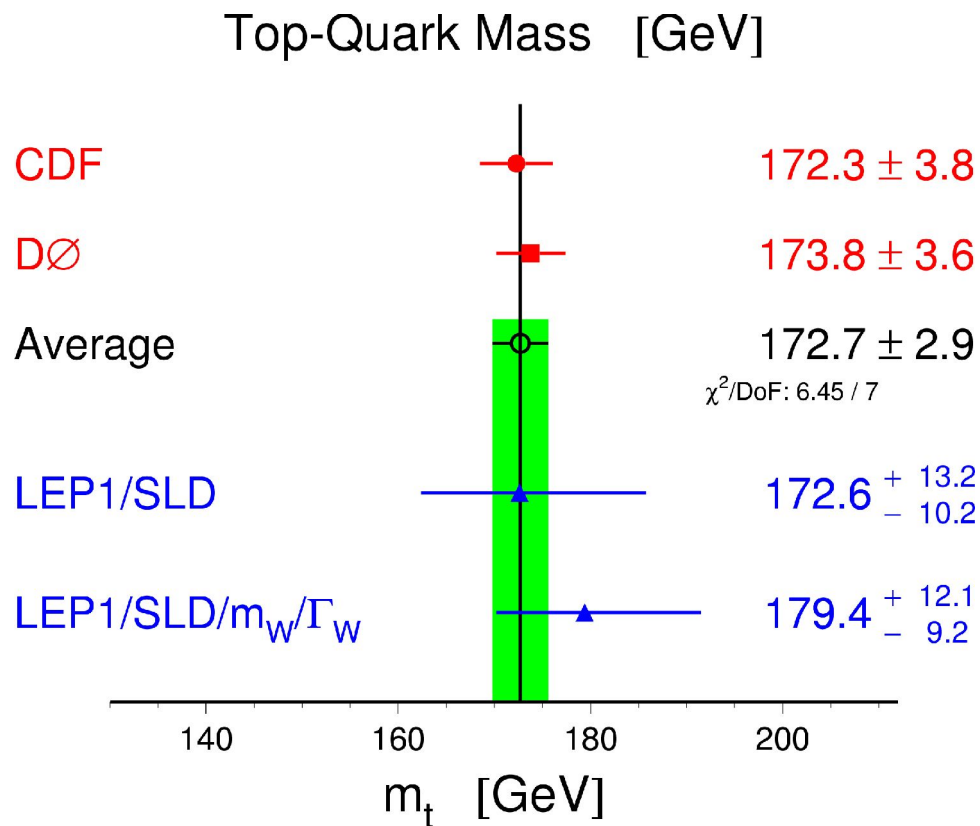
New measurements by CMD-2, KLOE, BABAR/BELLE, CLEO-c

Discrepancy between results derived from  $\tau$  and  $e^+e^-$  data





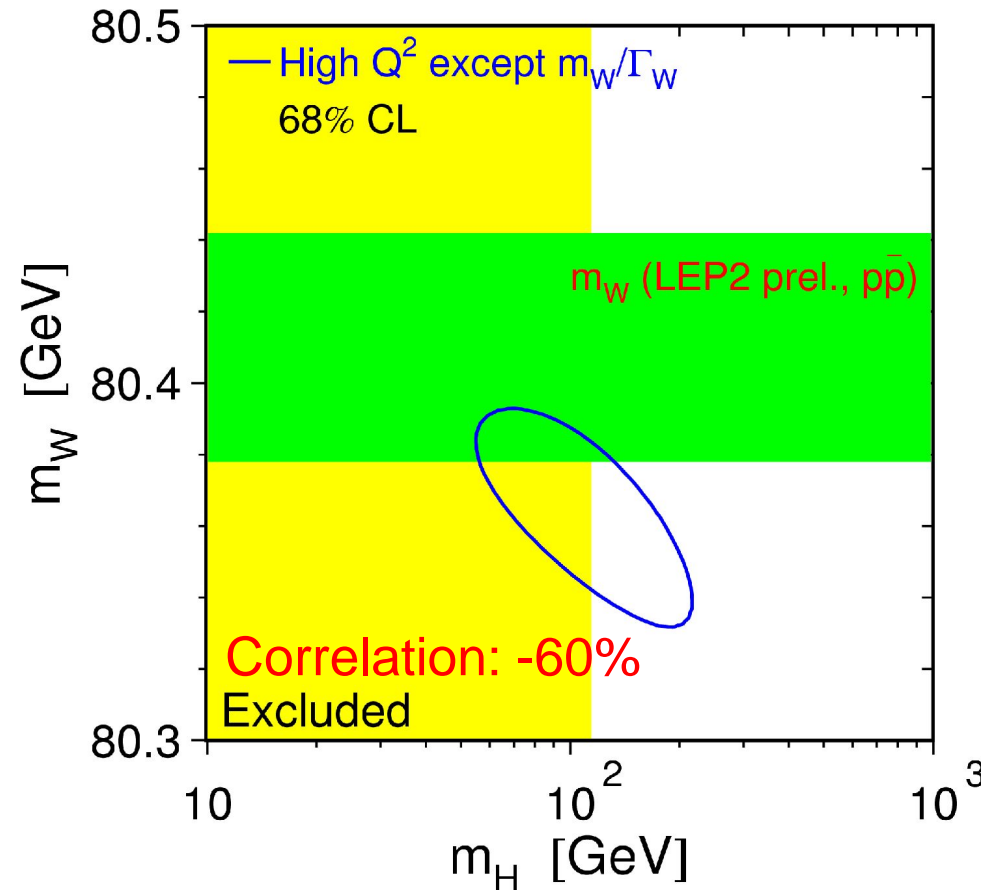
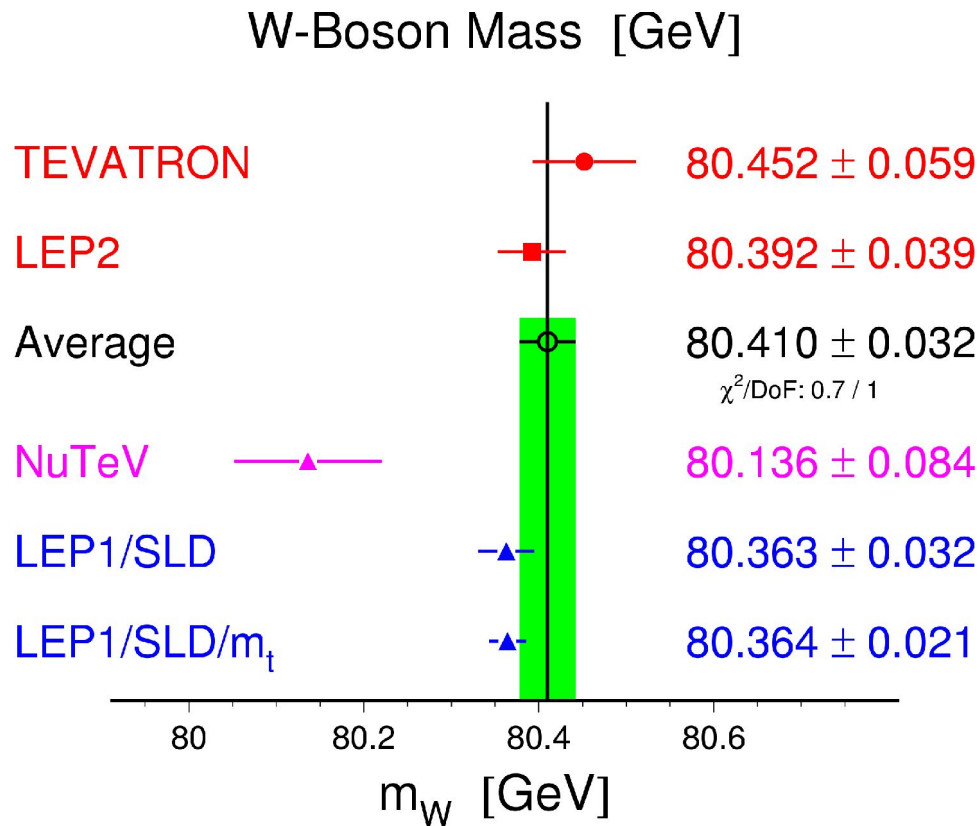
# Heavy Particle Masses: Top Quark



Predicted  $M_{\text{top}}$  in very good agreement with measurement

Measured  $M_{\text{top}}$  more than 3 times as precise as prediction

# Heavy Particle Masses: W Boson



Predicted and measured  $M_W$  within  $\sim 1 \sigma$

Measured  $M_W$  not yet as precise as prediction incl.  $M_{\text{top}}$

# Standard Model Analysis

$$M_{\text{Higgs}} = 91^{+45}_{-32} \text{ GeV}$$

Incl. theory uncertainty:

$$M_{\text{Higgs}} < 186 \text{ GeV (95\%CL)}$$

does not include:

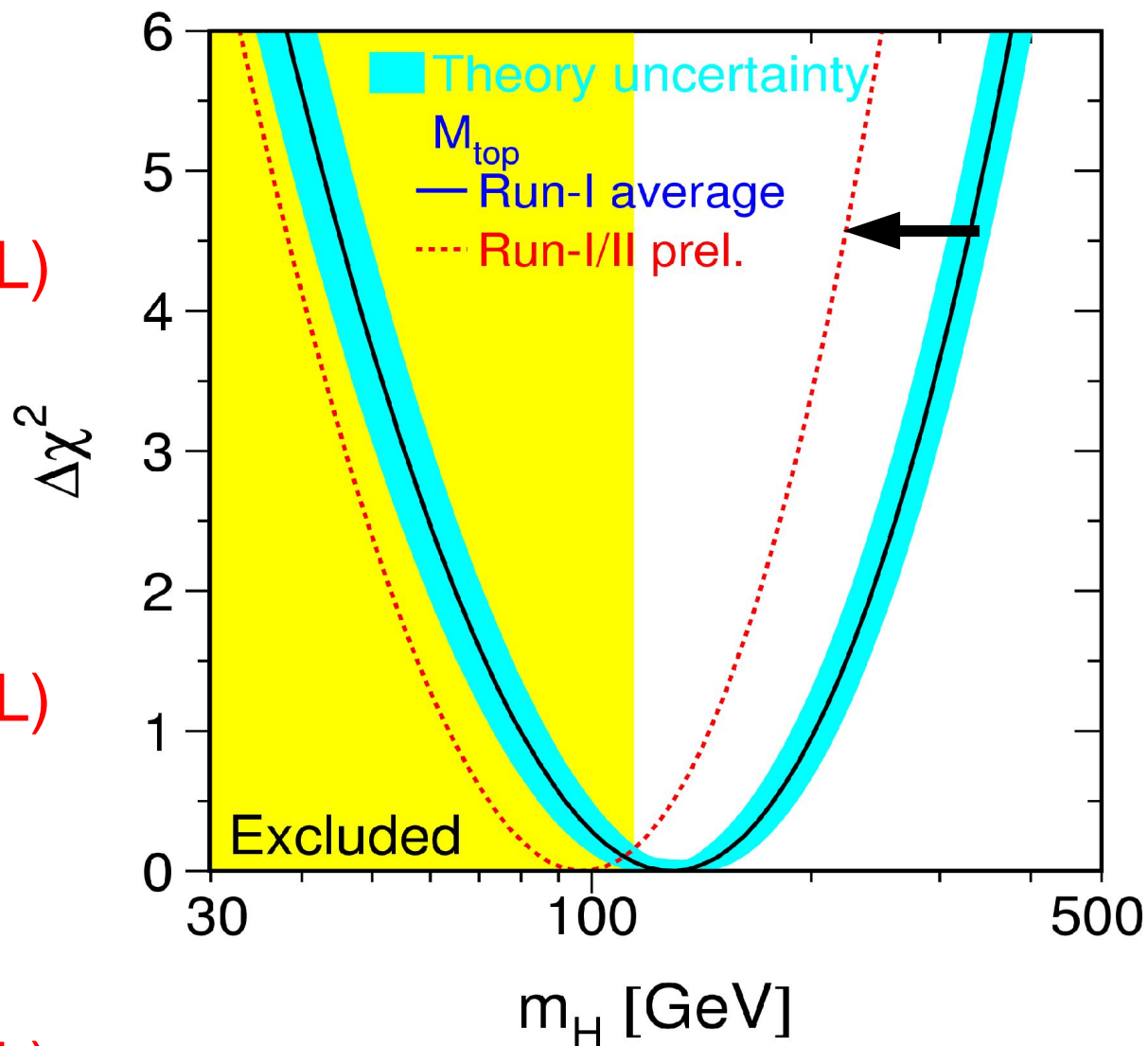
Direct search limit (LEP-2):

$$M_{\text{Higgs}} > 114 \text{ GeV (95\%CL)}$$

Renormalise probability

for  $M_{\text{H}} > 114 \text{ GeV}$  to 100%:

$$M_{\text{Higgs}} < 219 \text{ GeV (95\%CL)}$$



Theory uncertainty:

Dominated by two-loop  
calculations for  $\sin^2\Theta_{\text{eff}}$

# Standard Model Analysis

	Measurement	Fit	$ O^{\text{meas}} - O^{\text{fit}}  / \sigma^{\text{meas}}$
$\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}(m_Z)$	$0.02758 \pm 0.00035$	0.02767	0.00009 / 0.00035
$m_Z$ [GeV]	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$	91.1874	0.0001 / 0.0021
$\Gamma_Z$ [GeV]	$2.4952 \pm 0.0023$	2.4959	0.0007 / 0.0023
$\sigma_{\text{had}}^0$ [nb]	$41.540 \pm 0.037$	41.478	0.062 / 0.037
$R_l$	$20.767 \pm 0.025$	20.742	0.025 / 0.025
$A_{\text{fb}}^{0,l}$	$0.01714 \pm 0.00095$	0.01643	0.00071 / 0.00095
$A_l(P_\tau)$	$0.1465 \pm 0.0032$	0.1480	0.0015 / 0.0032
$R_b$	$0.21629 \pm 0.00066$	0.21579	0.0005 / 0.00066
$R_c$	$0.1721 \pm 0.0030$	0.1723	0.0002 / 0.0030
$A_{\text{fb}}^{0,b}$	$0.0992 \pm 0.0016$	0.1038	0.0046 / 0.0016
$A_{\text{fb}}^{0,c}$	$0.0707 \pm 0.0035$	0.0742	0.0035 / 0.0035
$A_b$	$0.923 \pm 0.020$	0.935	0.012 / 0.020
$A_c$	$0.670 \pm 0.027$	0.668	0.002 / 0.027
$A_l(\text{SLD})$	$0.1513 \pm 0.0021$	0.1480	0.0033 / 0.0021
$\sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}(Q_{\text{fb}})$	$0.2324 \pm 0.0012$	0.2314	0.0010 / 0.0012
$m_W$ [GeV]	$80.410 \pm 0.032$	80.377	0.033 / 0.032
$\Gamma_W$ [GeV]	$2.123 \pm 0.067$	2.092	0.031 / 0.067
$m_t$ [GeV]	$172.7 \pm 2.9$	173.3	0.6 / 2.9

Fit to 17 high- $Q^2$  observables plus  $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$ :

$$\chi^2/\text{ndof} = 18.6/13 \text{ (13.6\%)}$$

Largest  $\chi^2$  contribution:  
 $A_l(\text{SLD})$  vs.  $A_{\text{fb}}^b(\text{LEP})$

Decided in favour of leptons by  $M_W$

$A_{\text{fb}}(b)$  has largest pull: 2.8!

Predict observables measured in reactions with low- $Q^2$ :

$$Q^2 \ll M_W^2$$

# Predictions for Low- $Q^2$ Measurements

Electron-nucleus atomic parity violation (APV) in atomic transitions:

Parity-violating t-channel contribution due to  $\gamma/Z$  interference

Weak charge  $Q_W$  of the nucleus (Z protons, N neutrons)

$$Q_W(Z,N) = -2 [ (2Z+N)C_{1u} + (Z+2N)C_{1d} ]$$

with  $C_{1q} = 2g_{Ae}g_{Vq}$  at  $Q^2 \rightarrow 0$  (q=u,d)

$$Q_W(\text{Cs}) = -72.74 \pm 0.46$$

$$\text{SM fit: } -72.91 \pm 0.03$$



Møller scattering ( $e^-e^-$ ) with polarised  $e^-$  beam (E-158 experiment):

Parity-violating t-channel contribution due to  $\gamma/Z$  interference

$$A_{PV} = (\sigma_R - \sigma_L) / (\sigma_R + \sigma_L) \propto Q_W(e^-) = -4g_{Ae}g_{Ve} \text{ at } Q^2 \sim 0.03 \text{ GeV}^2$$

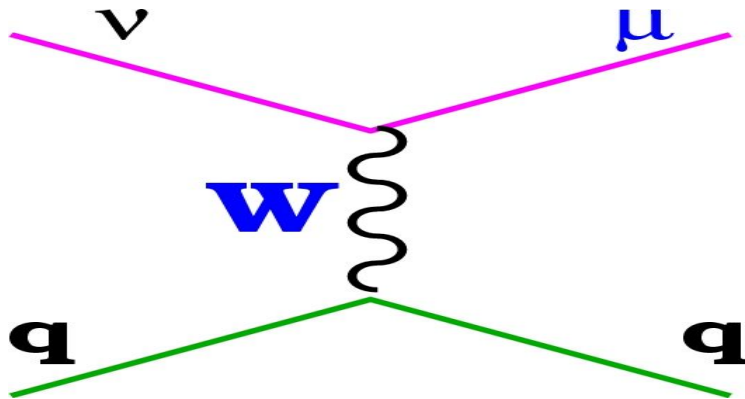
$$\sin^2\Theta_{\text{eff}}(Q=M_Z) = 0.2333 \pm 0.0015 \quad \text{SM fit: } 0.2314 \pm 0.0001$$



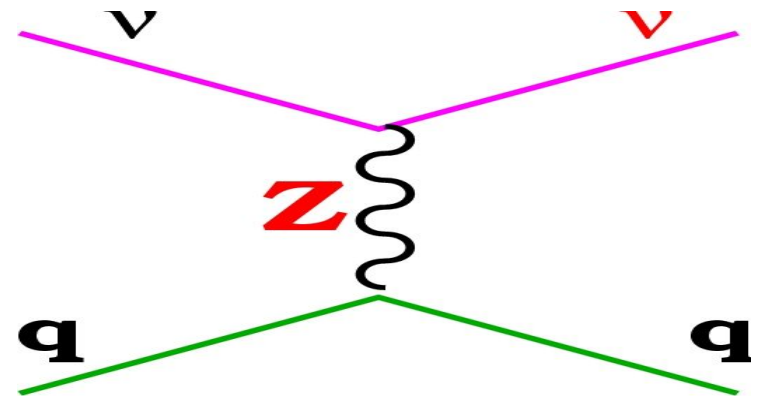
# NuTeV Neutrino-Nucleon Scattering

Muon-(anti-)neutrino quark scattering:

charged current (CC)



neutral current (NC)



Paschos-Wolfenstein relation (iso-scalar target):

$$R_- = \frac{\sigma_{NC}(\nu) - \sigma_{NC}(\bar{\nu})}{\sigma_{CC}(\nu) - \sigma_{CC}(\bar{\nu})} = 4g_{Lv}^2 \sum_{q_v} \left[ g_{Lq}^2 - g_{Rq}^2 \right] = \rho_\nu \rho_{ud} \left[ \frac{1}{2} - \sin^2 \theta_W^{(on-shell)} \right] + \text{electroweak radiative corrections}$$

Effective couplings:  $g_L, g_R$  at  $\langle Q^2 \rangle \sim 20 \text{ GeV}^2$

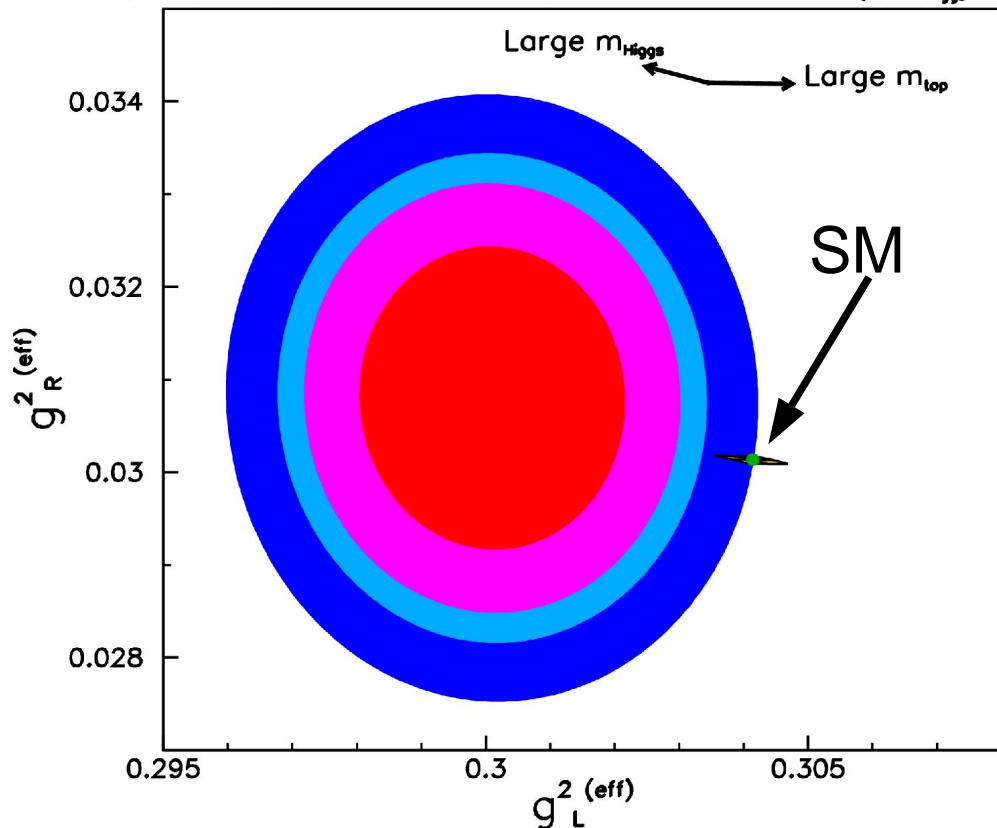
Historically result quoted in terms of:  $\sin^2 \Theta_W = 1 - (M_W/M_Z)^2$

Factor two more precise than previous  $\nu N$  world average

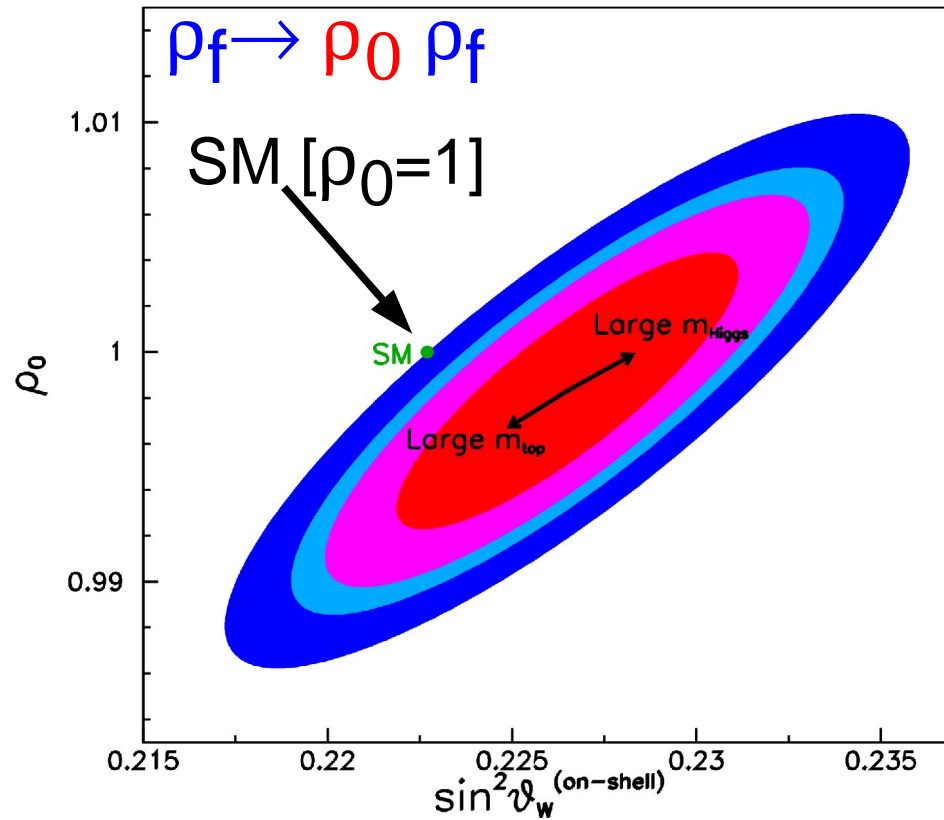
# NuTeV's Result

SM fit: Difference of  $\sim 3\sigma$  in either  $\sin^2\theta_W$  or the  $\rho$ 's!

68%,90%,95%,99% C.L. Contours, Grid of SM  $\pm 1\sigma$   $m_{top}$ ,  $m_{Higgs}$



68%,90%,95%,99% C.L. Contours



New physics:  $Z'$ , contact interactions, lepto-quarks, new fermions, neutrino oscillations, . . .

But likely rather old physics: Theory uncertainty (QED, LO PDFs), isospin violating PDFs, sea asymmetry

Possible NOMAD measurement?

# Conclusions

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Wealth of high-precision electroweak measurements:

New results from Tevatron's Run-II, surpassing Run-I

All Z-pole results (LEP-1, SLD) now final!

Most measurements agree with expectations:

Successful test of loop corrections, constraints on new physics

SM Higgs boson should be light

Some 3-sigma effects:

Spread in  $\sin^2\Theta_{\text{eff}}$  at the Z pole, NuTeV

Future at TEVATRON, LHC and ILC:

Precise theoretical calculations - including theory uncertainties

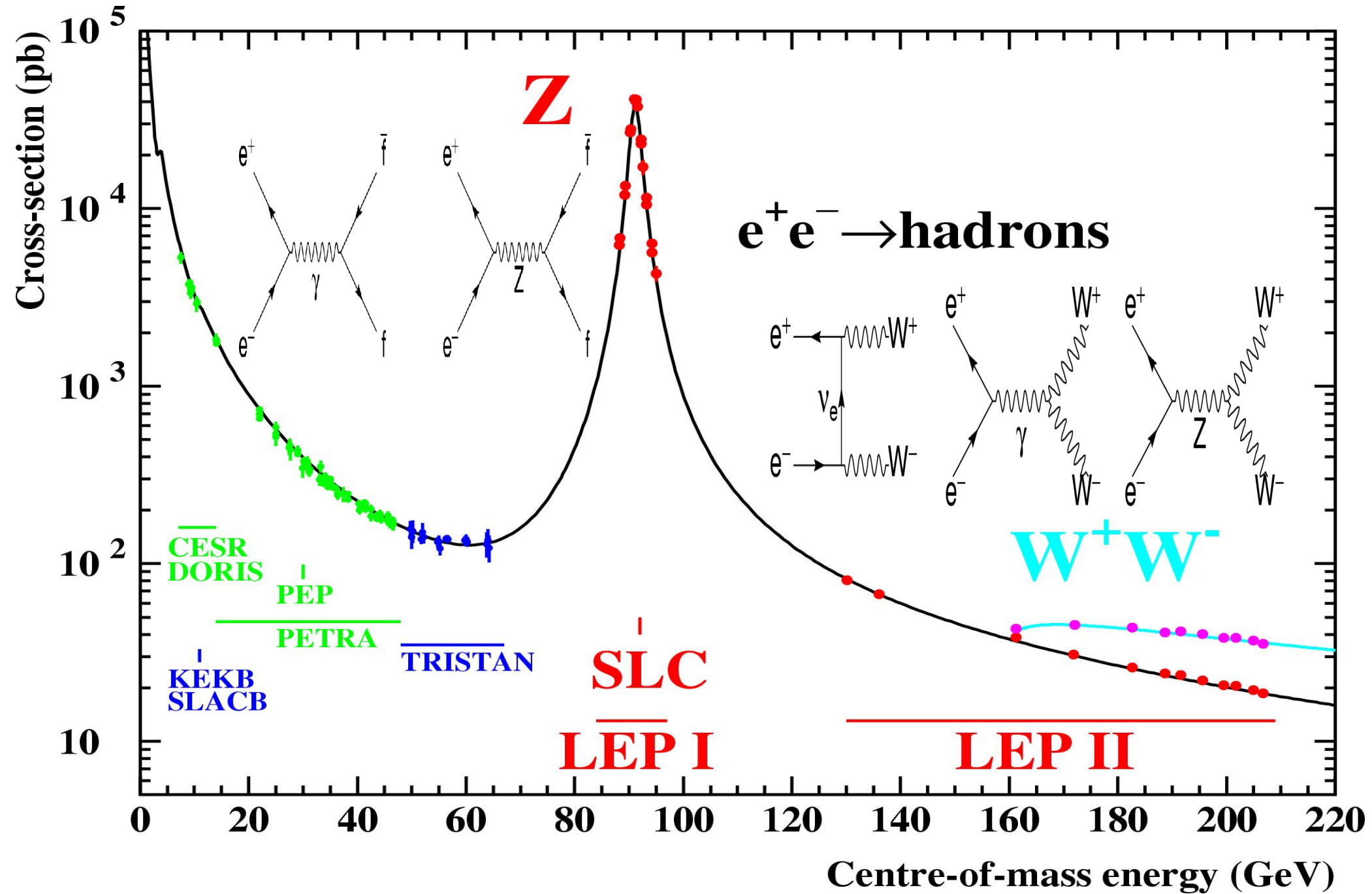
Improved measurements in W boson and top quark physics

Check Higgs-mass prediction! Find new physics?



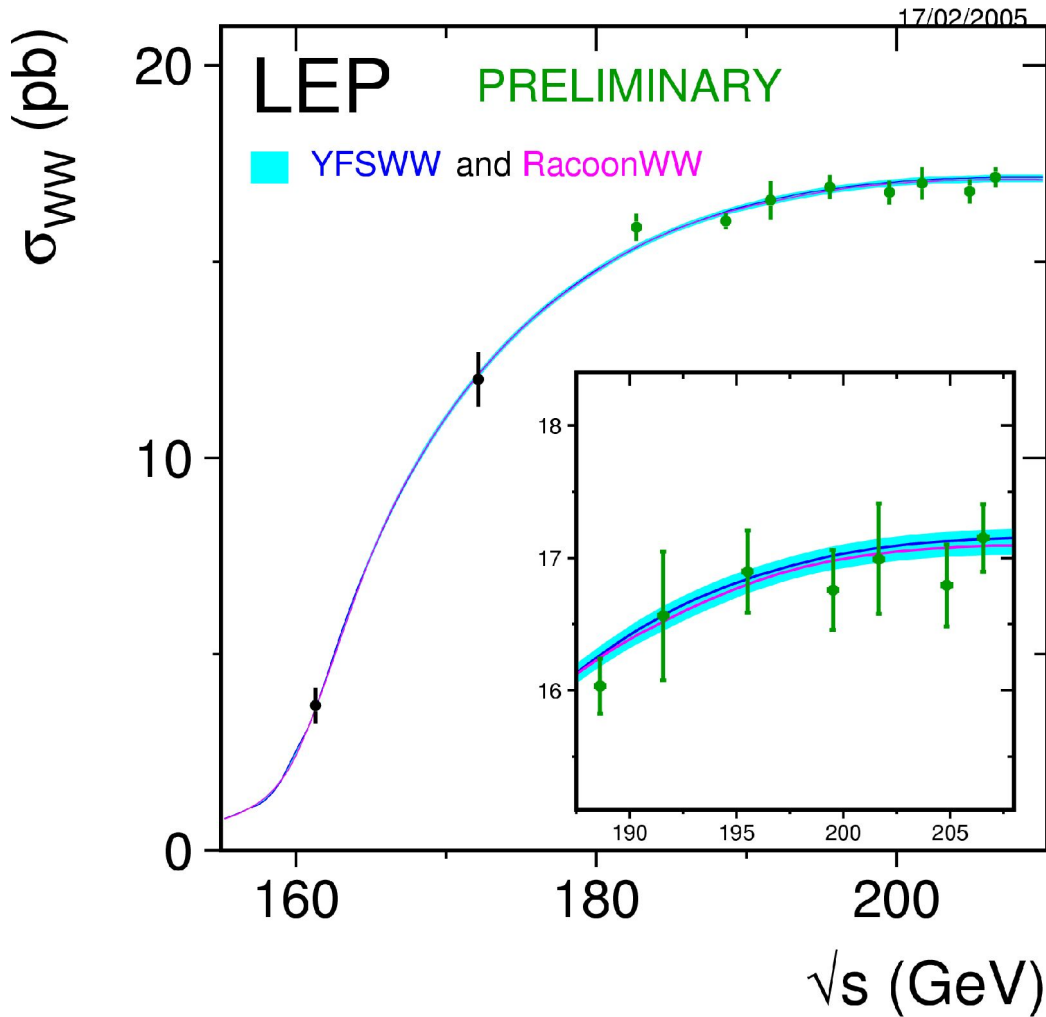


# $e^+e^-$ Interactions



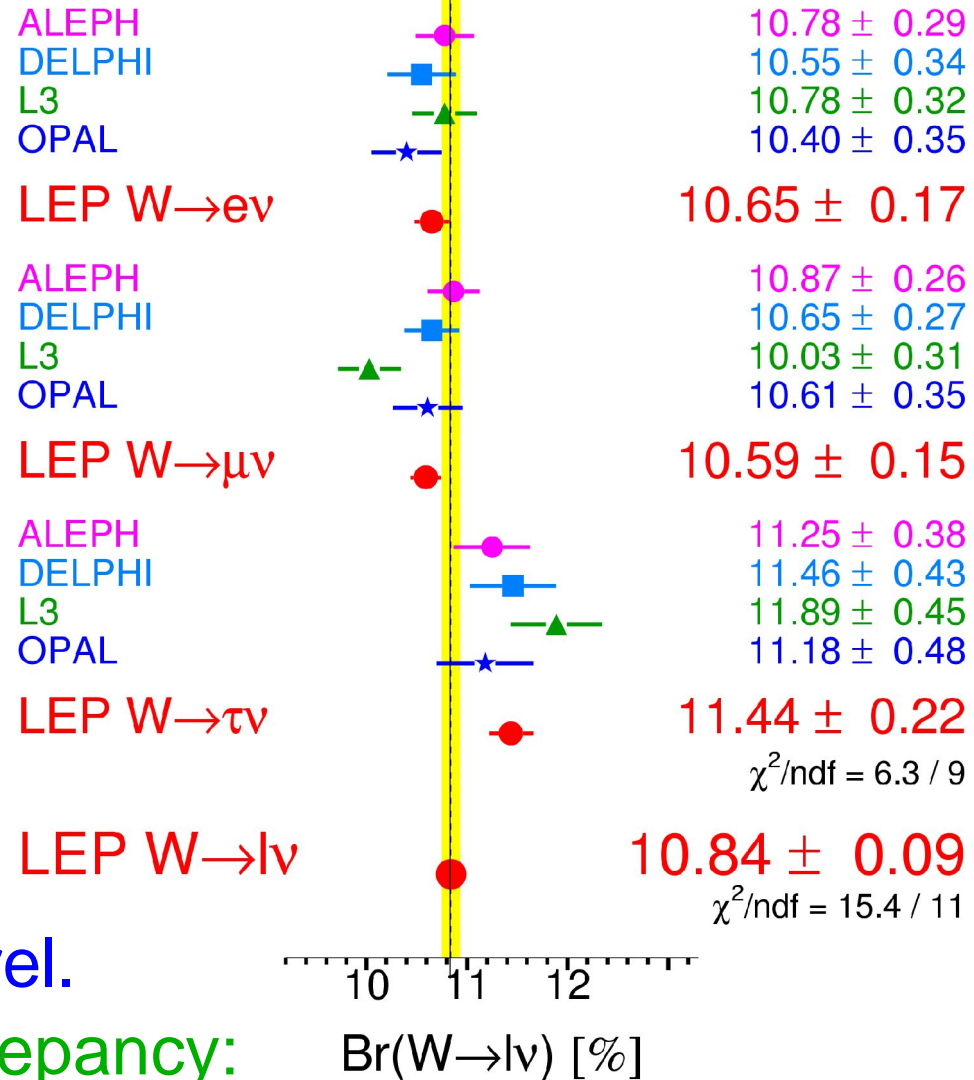
# W-Pairs at LEP

Winter 2005 - LEP Preliminary



## W Leptonic Branching Ratios

23/02/2005



ALEPH, DELPHI, L3 final, OPAL prel.

Subsequent maximisation of discrepancy:

W-tau branching fraction  $\sim 2.9\sigma$  above W-e/ $\mu$  average

# W/Z Physics at the Tevatron

Forward-backward asymmetries in W and Z:

$W^+$  boosted in p direction

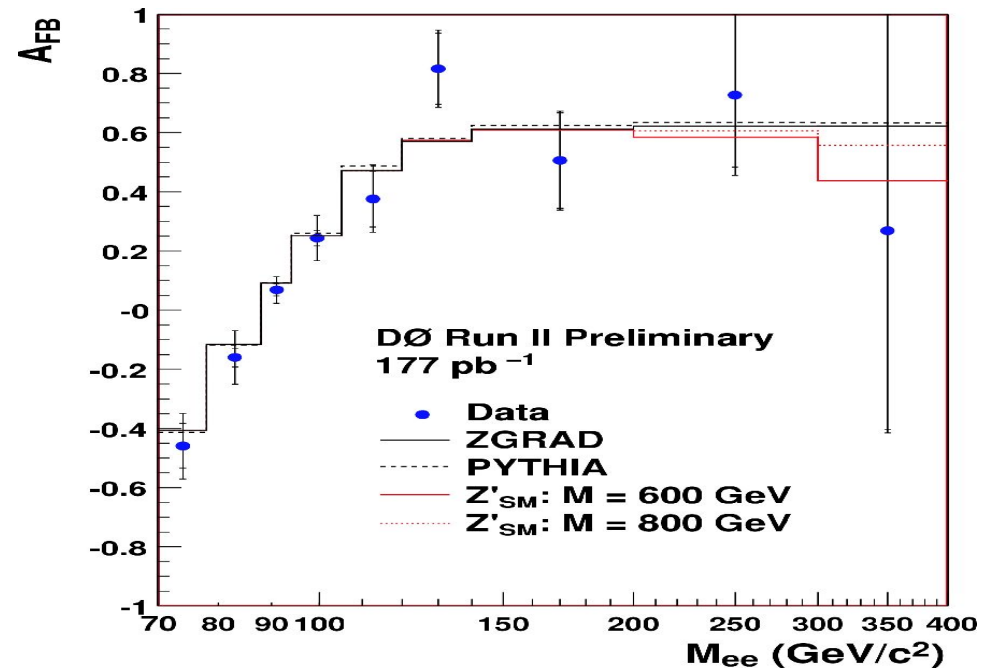
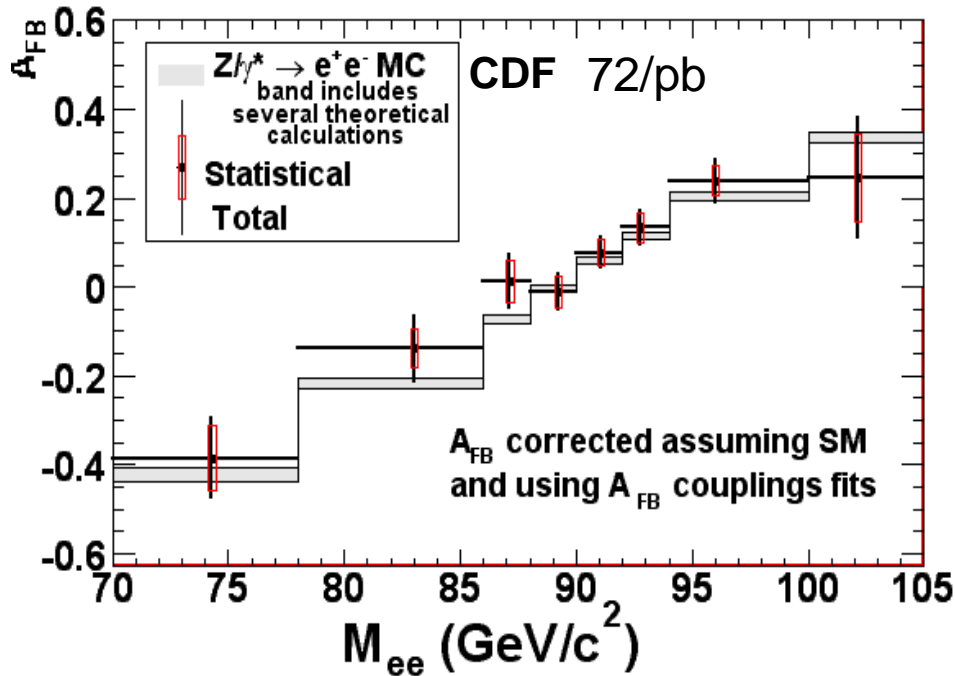
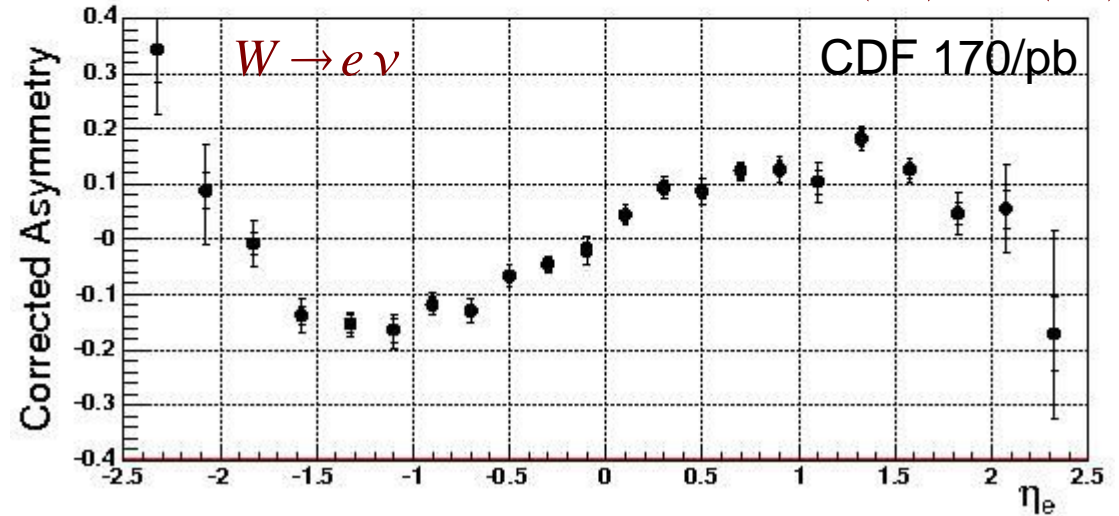
Constrains PDFs

Z f/b asymmetry:

Needs PDFs to measure

$\sin^2\Theta_{\text{eff}} = 0.2238(40)(30)$

$$A_{\text{charge}}(\eta_e) = \frac{N(e^+) - N(e^-)}{N(e^+) + N(e^-)}$$



# W Boson - Mass and Width

Tevatron (CDF, DØ):  $p\bar{p} \rightarrow WX, W \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$

Transverse mass

$$m_T^2 = 2E_T^e E_T^\nu \cos\phi(e, \nu)$$

Final Run-I combination

Awaiting Run-II results!

Uncertainties dominated by:

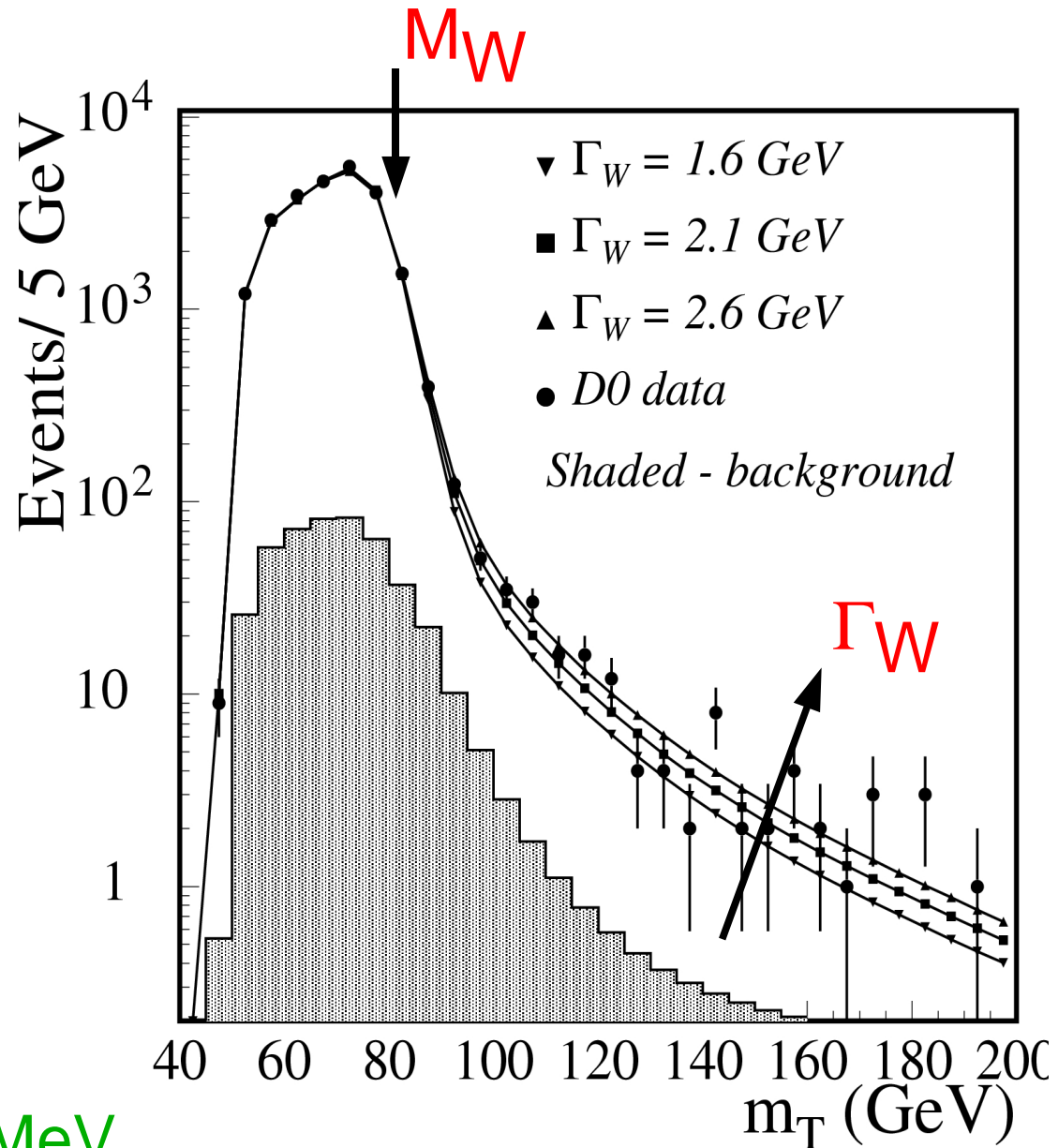
Statistics

Lepton energy scale -  
will reduce with more data

Then: Signal model

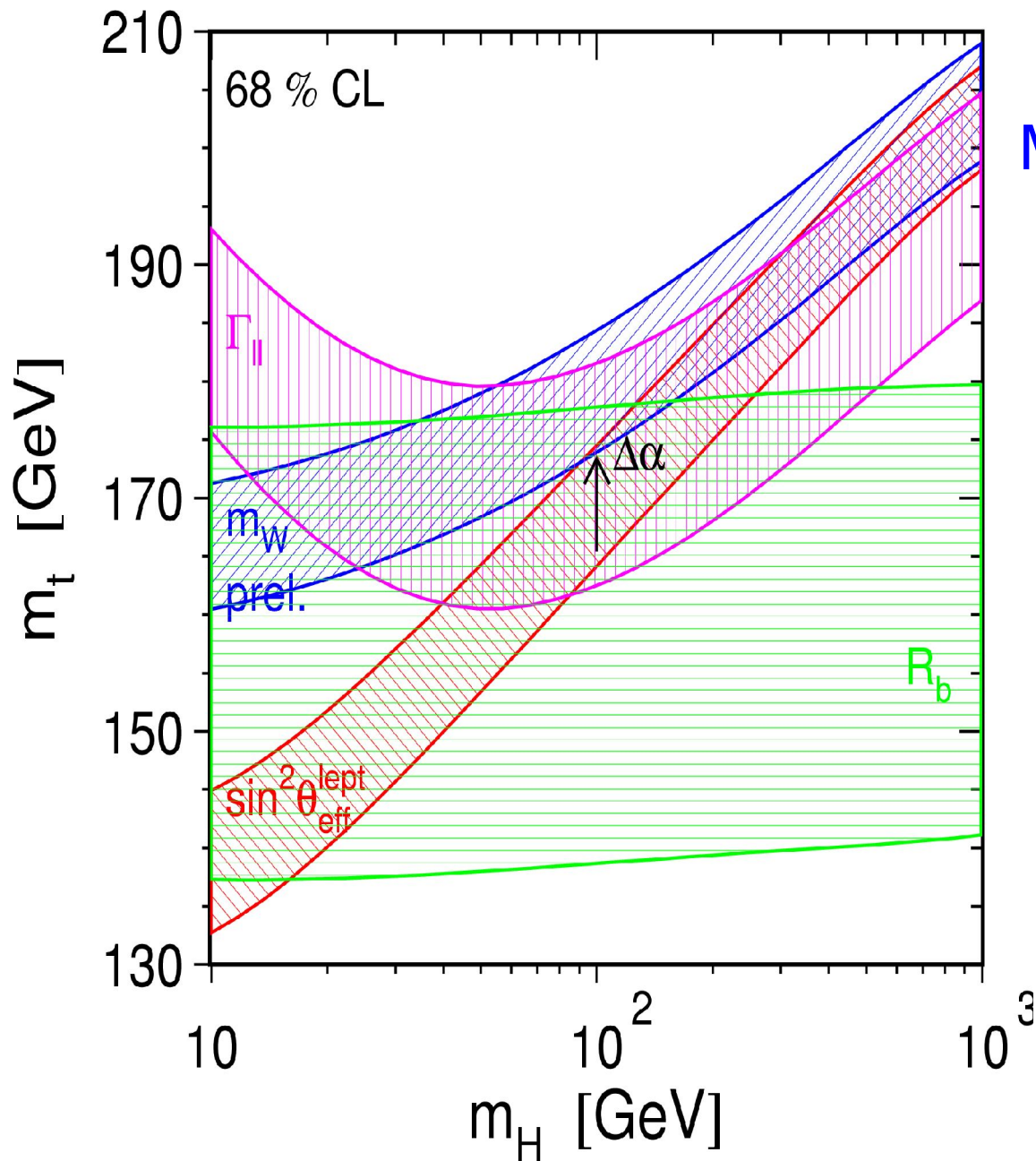
PDFs, gluon radiation

QED corrections in  $W \rightarrow l\nu$



Run-II expectation:  $\delta M_W < 25 \text{ MeV}$

# Top-Higgs Bands



Measurements in the  
 $M_{\text{top}} - M_{\text{Higgs}}$  plane:  
 Bands of  $\pm 1\sigma$  from:

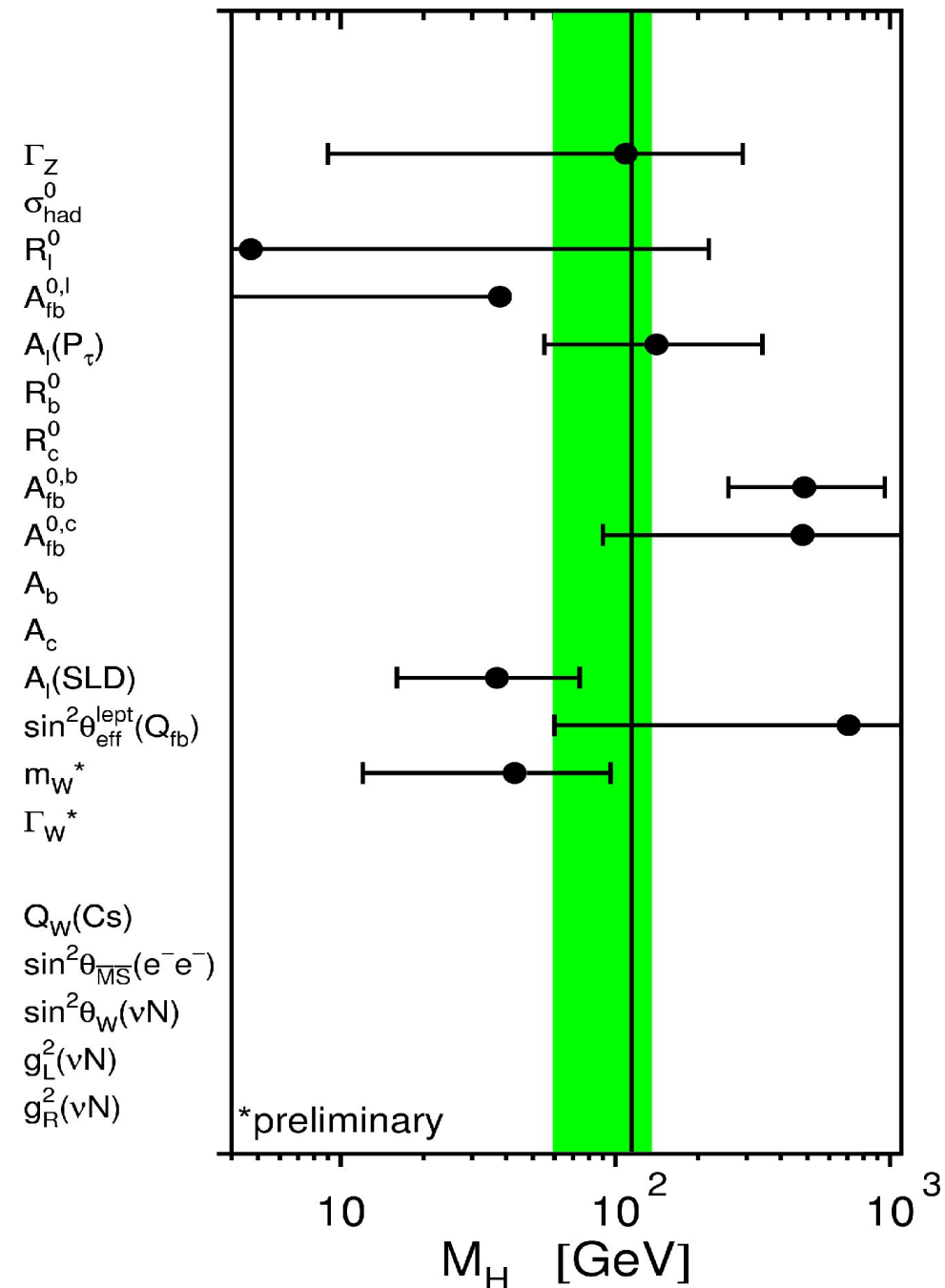
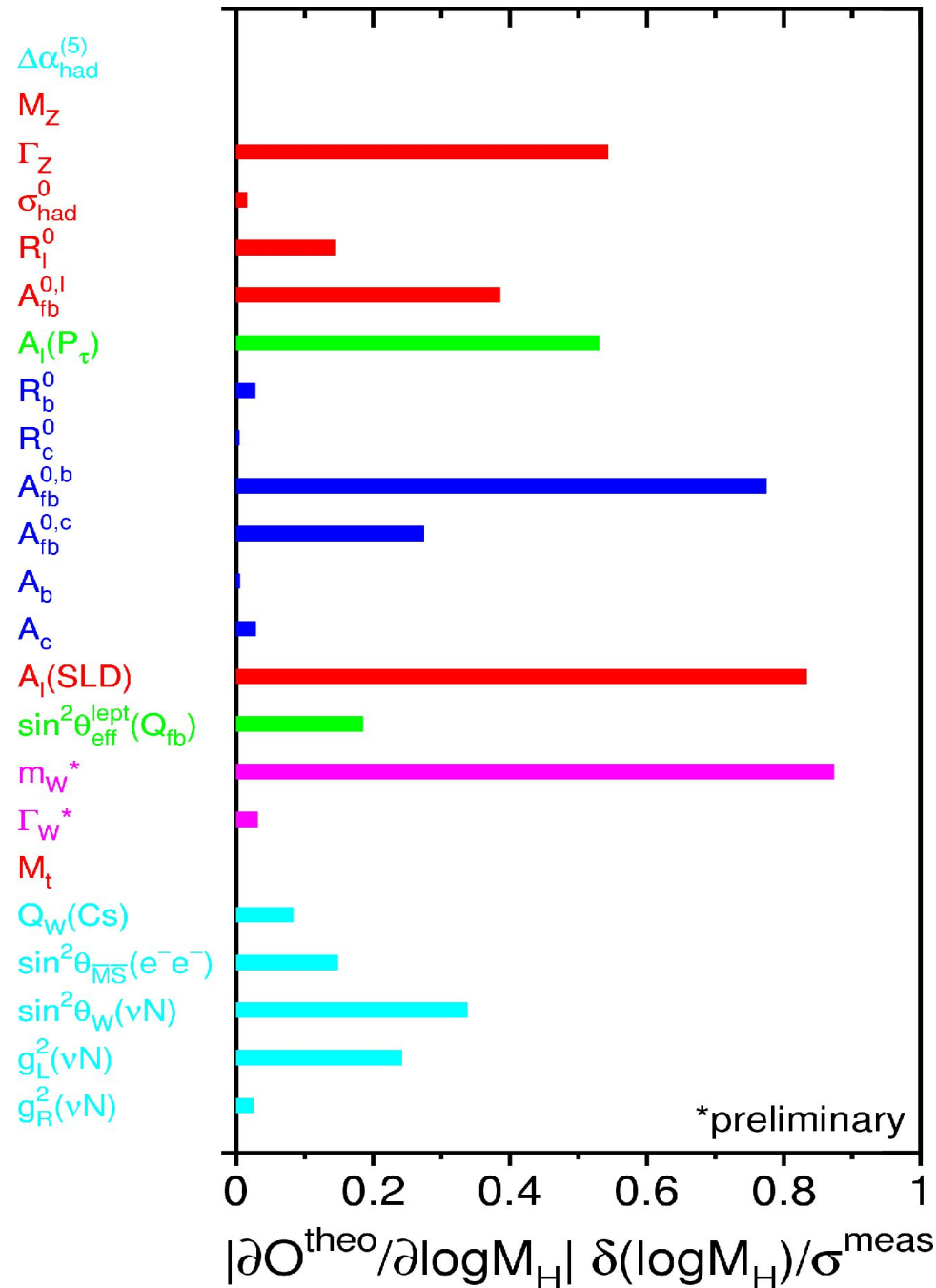
$$M_W = 80.410(32) \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sin^2 \Theta_{\text{eff}} = 0.23153(16)$$

$$\Gamma_I = 83.984(86) \text{ MeV}$$

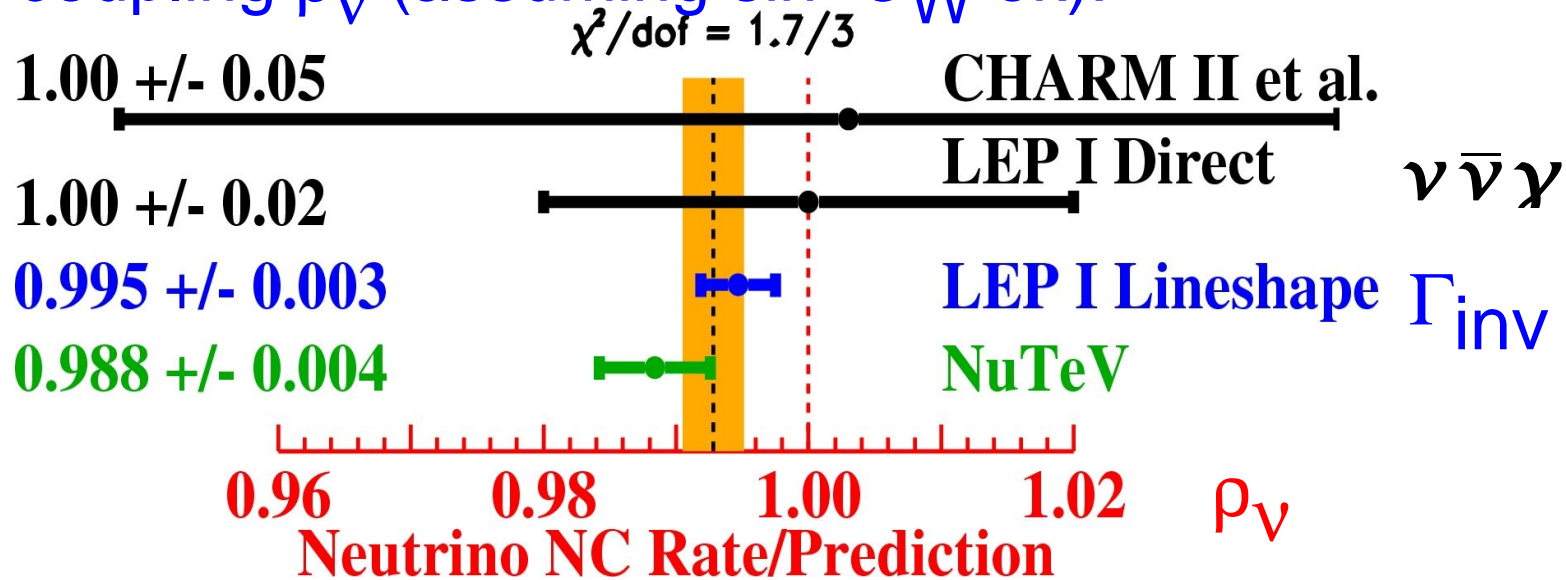
$$R_b = 0.21629(66)$$

# Higgs Sensitivities and Constraints



# NuTeV's Result

Strength of  $\nu$  coupling  $\rho_\nu$  (assuming  $\sin^2\Theta_W$  ok):



Various explanations:

**New physics:**

$Z'$ , contact interactions, lepto-quarks, new fermions, neutrino oscillations, . . .

**But likely rather old physics:**

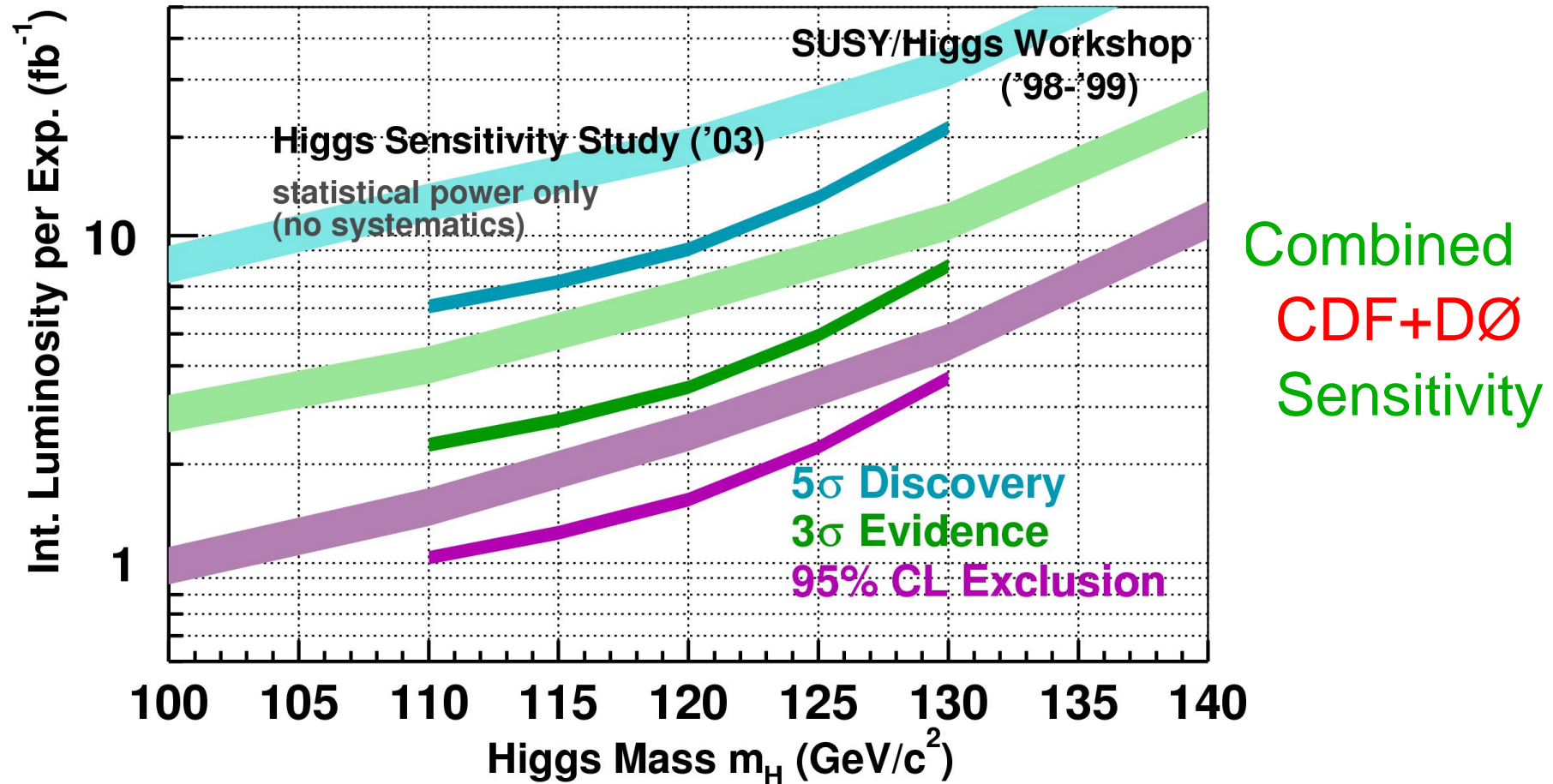
Theory uncertainty (QED, LO PDFs)

Isospin violating PDFs, sea asymmetry



# Standard Model Higgs Search

Combining production and decay channels and experiments:



Expectations:

- With 2/fb exclusion up to 123 GeV
- With 10/fb discovery up to 121 GeV

Currently:  $\sim 1/\text{fb}$  on tape

