

Figure 1: Distribution of  $e^+e^-$  vertices in  $D^+ \to \pi^+\eta$  candidates in the rz plane integrated over the azimuthal angle, where a positive (negative) value of r denotes a vertex with x > 0 (x < 0). The coordinate system is defined such that z is along the beam axis, with positive z denoting the direction from the pp-interaction point into the LHCb detector; y is vertical upwards; and xis horizontal and defined such that the coordinate system is right handed. The contributions from three-body  $\eta \to e^+e^-\gamma$  decays form the two regions in the centre, whilst  $\eta \to \gamma\gamma$  decays followed by a photon conversion form regions at larger  $|r_{e^+e^-}|$  where the material surrounding the pp interaction point is located.



Figure 2: Compilation of different measurements of  $\mathcal{A}_{CP}(D^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0)$ , along with a weighted average of the listed results.